Social Media and Crisis Prevention and Intervention

Jennifer Magnesi, Emily Flitsch, & Stephen E. Brock, Ph.D., NCSP, LEP
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Mini-skills Objective

• From this mini-skills presentation it is hoped that participants will increase their …

1. Knowledge of Social Media Sites Available
2. Understanding of Effective Strategies When Utilizing Social Media Sites
3. Understanding of Best Practices-Recommendations

Outline

1. Description of Most Widely Used Social Media Tools
2. Effective Strategies
3. Best Practices- Considerations Prior to Implementing the Use of Social Media Tools

Mobile Text Messaging

• Instant transmission of text messages from one mobile device (or cell phone) to another.
• Can be addressed to one or more people.
• Text messages are only displayed on recipients’ devices, making the communication potentially private (although the recipient may forward the message to others if they so choose).
• The most frequently used communication tool for teens
• As a mental health treatment tool, text messaging has been found to have promise
• Anecdotal observations have found that this social media tool has had an effect on school crisis intervention.
• In today’s schools there is significantly less control over how parents are informed about a crisis.

Lenhart, Ling, Campbell, & Purcell (2010)

Blogs

• Derived from the phrase “web log,” a website publication intended to be regularly updated with new content.
• The most common blog is a personal blog
• An online chronological journal of events
• Blog topics contain commentary on a particular topic, such as a school associated crisis event.
• As an instructional tool, blogging has been found to have some promise.
• To the extent they can be used to increase access to pro-social support systems and appropriate psychoeducational guidance, we believe that blogging may have some potential as a crisis intervention technique.

Currie (2009); Selingo (2004)

Sample Blogs

Tips for first-time home buyers
Welcome to my blog!

Lenhart, Ling, Campbell, & Purcell (2010)
Podcasts

- Pre-recorded audio and video stations, found on the Internet that can be downloaded and viewed on electronic devices such as personal computers, cell phones, and tablets.
- Can be listened to in a variety of different settings and at any time, which greatly increases their accessibility.
- Have been suggested to positively influence learners’ cognition and motivation.

Hew (2004); Reed (2007)

Image and Video Sharing

- Allows people to upload videos or images online and distribute them throughout the Internet.
- YouTube
- Flickr
- Has the potential to generate, sustain, or exacerbate crisis situations.
- Unfiltered and unedited crisis images may generate psychological trauma by increasing crisis event exposure.

Pfefferbaum et al. (2000)

Social Networking

- Websites in which users can connect, interact, and share information.
- Facebook is a social networking site designed to facilitate communication between people who share similar interests.
- Has the potential to be a useful tool in a time of crisis since it provides an online community of individuals potentially coping with similar situations and can increase the provision of both social support and psychoeducation.
- It is essential to educate students on the importance of thinking about what they are posting since postings can potentially be viewed by just about anyone.

Facebook (2011a, 2011b, 2011c); Lowensohn (2007)

Microblogs

- A type of blogging (limited to 140 characters) that enables users to update and publish messages to others throughout their network.
- These messages are available to anyone on a network, although certain networks can be set as private.
- Twitter allows users to receive and send messages known as tweets.
- Twitter users have used hashtags as a way to connect during a crisis.

Hew & Zach (2010); Twitter (2011a, 2011b)

Wikis

- Collaborative websites in which users can contribute to the website or modify the content already provided.
- The most popular Wiki site is Wikipedia.
- Educators have used the creation and modification of wikis as a way for students to think critically. Students are encouraged to analyze the information they read on a wiki page and modify it, or add to it, if they see fit.
- Since wiki pages are easy to create, access and modify, schools could place at least some of their crisis procedures on a wiki page.
- This would allow school staff to quickly access and update policies as needed.
- However, given that an identified challenge of wiki pages is that anyone can modify or add content, we recommend great caution (e.g., careful supervision) be exercised if a school wants to use a wiki page in this fashion.
- Obviously, there will be some sensitive aspects of a crisis plan that would not be appropriately placed on a wiki page, and as is the case for all of these tools careful research is indicated to determine the appropriate (and inappropriate) uses of a wiki.

Crovitz & Smoot (2009)

WikiHow to Tweet

Registering

How to tweet

WikiHow (2012)
# Hashtags

**WikiHow to Twitter**

# Hashtags

**How to Retweet**

*Simulated environments that make use of avatars, or virtual representations of the user, are created in the computer-based created “worlds” to allow interaction between users.*

- Whyville
- Second Life

*Currie (2009); Second Life (2011a, 2011b); Whyville (2011)*

**Virtual Worlds**

**Internet Forums**

- Online discussions boards.
- Avatars or pictures selected by the users are displayed next to the threads or messages posted. Threads posted by individual users can be viewed by forum moderators to evaluate whether the rules of the forum are being followed.
- Internet forums can lead to discussions on crisis occurring in the news or within a community
- Registration is usually required to discourage users from posting disrespectful comments or profanity; nevertheless there are Internet forums that allow users to remain anonymous, posing a high risk of misinformation.
  - For this reason forums for educational and resource purposes need to be carefully monitored and frequently evaluated.

*Currie (2009)*

**Effective Strategies**

- Social networking both a potential liability and a potential asset
  - Effective strategies on how to use social media as a crisis prevention and intervention tool are important to consider
  - Several keys to successful use of social media include:
    - Deciding whether the information is authentic and useful
    - Examining and selecting different social media options
    - Acknowledging social media communities,
    - Encouraging leadership
    - Measuring the effects of social media within the organization or schools

*Currie (2009)*

**Outline**

1. Description of Most Widely Used Social Media Tools
2. Effective Strategies
3. Best Practices - Considerations Prior to Implementing the Use of Social Media Tools

**Effective Strategies**

- A variety of social media tools have been employed to...
  - Prevent
  - Prepare for
  - Respond to emergency situations

*SACRAMENTO STATE UNIVERSITY*
Facebook’s Safety Advisory Board
- Consists of members from the leading Internet safety organizations:
  - National Network to End Domestic Violence, ConnectSafely, WiredSafety, Childnet International, and The Family Online Safety Institute
- Facebook holds regular meetings with the board to review current safety measures and discuss new advances.
- Facebook has teamed with the National Suicide Prevention Lifeline.
- Facebook users are now able to quickly and easily report any suicidal comment posted by a friend or family member.
- Facebook sends the user who posted the suicidal comment a message encouraging them to call the National Suicide Prevention Lifeline.
- Confidential chat session with a crisis worker.

Facebook (2011d, 2011e)

Social Media Tools and Crisis Preparedness
- Virtual worlds
  - Can be used to make a real-life, three-dimensional representation of a crisis while maintaining the safety of the user.
  - Stanford Medical School conducted trainings through the use of a virtual world.
  - Virtual world was a replica of the Stanford hospital facilities.
  - Avatars used to represent the patients.
  - Correct and incorrect treatment of their injuries.

Chen, Rebolledo-Mendez, Liarokapis, de Freitas, & Parker (2010)

Crisis counselors have developed chat rooms, virtual worlds, and instant messaging to provide care, with outcomes that have been suggested by some to be comparable to face-to-face therapy.

- Potential drawbacks of using social media in crisis intervention:
  - Less empathy for clients.
  - Greater ease of spreading harmful messages.
  - And the possibility of students receiving counseling from nonlicensed individuals.

Shapiro et al. (2010), James (2008)

Social media sites can be carefully monitored through monitoring software.
- Des Moines College campus uses software (e.g., TwentyFeet or Trackur) to monitor all comments posted about the college.
- Student’s message over Twitter threatening to “shOOT” the campus was quickly noticed and flagged.
- Careful monitoring of social media by school personnel is essential.
- However, schools may lack the ability to perform such monitoring.

Alex (2011), Shear (2012)

HealingWell.com
- HealingWell.com Forum
- Welcome Guest
- If this is your first visit to the HealingWell.com forum, you will need to register before you will be allowed to post on the forum or login to chat, but you are free to browse the forums by selecting from the listing below. New users: Before posting, please read the forum rules and guidelines below.
- To help you find your way around the forum and its features, please view the help manual.

Healing Well (2012)
Social Media Tools and Crisis Response

- Social media’s Role in Emergency Situations
  - 2011 earthquake and tsunami in Japan
    - U.S. ambassador to Japan, John Roos received intel through tweeter and was able to mobilize troops
  - When used properly, with authentication by the appropriate authorities, social media tools can lead to positive crisis response results.
  - To avoid negative consequences, in the case of school crises...
    - careful monitoring of social media by school personnel is essential

Stemberg (2011)

- Blogs
  - Can be coping tools used by people within the community as a safe way to express fears, stressors, and other emotions brought about in times of crisis
    - The Washington Post blog, “Conversations Live Q&A,” shared information from a 2011 shooting
  - Open communication with members in a community can provide...
    - Support and information on where to find resources
    - An outlet for those who are uncomfortable with face-to-face interaction
    - May provide care to people who might have otherwise been isolated in times of crisis.
  - Content of a blog can distribute harmful messages

Ghuman (2011)

- Amber Alerts
  - Law enforcement agencies have partnered with media outlets to broadcast America’s Missing: Broadcast Emergency Response Alerts (AMBER Alerts).
    - Working together, the public can be informed about child abduction.
    - This technology has expanded and can now include the public through mobile text messages via the https://www.wirelessAMBERAlerts.org website.
    - Properly activated AMBER Alerts have proved to be highly successful
      - With the help of the community, law enforcement has apprehended suspects, making social media a way for the public to intervene in emergency situations

Sacramento Police Department (2011)

- Image and video sharing
  - Allow the viewers to share footage of the event, as well as provide training videos on different methods of crisis intervention
  - Made it possible for educators, amateurs, trainers, and businesses to reach the public and influence or spread knowledge of crisis events
    - Videos of the Virginia Tech shooter, posted on YouTube, had the potential to give insight into his distorted thinking and hatred for his fellow classmates
    - Potential of such images to prompt copycat behavior
    - Unnecessary exposure to potentially traumatic images
    - The user should carefully consider the content of such images and videos before they are uploaded to any social media site
    - Must judge whether the potential benefits of sharing the information outweigh the potential harm
    - having clearly articulated reasons for posting images or videos would be important

NBC, msnbc.com, & News Service (2007)
1. Description of Most Widely Used Social Media Tools

2. Effective Strategies

3. Best Practices: Considerations Prior to Implementing the Use of Social Media Tools

• Caution is recommended due to the lack of research however, schools should explore the use of social networks before a crisis occurs
• Assess school population: See if the use of social media is suitable and what tools should be used
  - Cultural, language, socioeconomic, or geographical barriers
  - Inquiring about parent access to cell phones and computers; What social networks they frequently use
• Use a combination of tools to reach more parents

• May improve schools' ability to inform students and parents on daily events
  - Help to ensure information is authentic and useful
  - Increase the number of followers by relaying useful, non-crisis information
    - Schedule changes, snow days, or football game info
    - High number of followers is valuable
  - School can provide situational awareness information
  - Have contingency strategy in place
  - In the event social media tools are unavailable

• Verify if district has policies on Social Networking
  - Policies may need to be modified
  - Clearly state policy regarding content
  - Assign one person to monitor the site
  - Make sure content is appropriate
  - Answer questions posted in a timely manner

• Students use social media daily
  - Should understand the importance of how they are presenting themselves online
  - Cyberbullying
    - Users tend to post information in messages not ordinarily offered during face-to-face interactions
  - Educate students on dangers of social networking
    - Need to know about online predators, hackers, and how to protect their identity

• Students' social media safety is important
  - Create policies and clearly display in schools
  - Internet Safety websites can assist schools
  - NASP has partnered with CyberSmart!
    - A free curriculum for online safety, K-12. Topics include cyberbullying, identity protection, and online privacy
    - Provides online safety awareness activities for schools, families, and the community

NASP (2012)
Social Media Tools for Crisis Intervention

- K–12 Alerts
  - Alert system that can quickly send out emergency messages to faculty, parents, and members of the community during a crisis
  - Messages are authentic; less room for misinterpretation
  - Use multiple social media outlets; e-mail, text messages, Facebook, and Twitter. All with one click
  - Parents can revise contact information online and update students’ emergency cards online
  - Provide school staff with organized and useful information during a crisis

(Cancro, 2009)

Social Media Tools for Crisis Intervention

- Prepare school personal / students for emergency situations by simulating real-life scenarios
- Simulate real-life events; promote critical thinking about emergency situations. Aid in identifying effective strategies
- Further research is still needed
- Implementation may seem like an expensive venture. Eventually it could be a cost-efficient solution for preparing staff for a crisis situation

Evaluation of Social Media Tools

- Schools should monitor and evaluate strategies
- Beneficial knowing most effective social media tool
- Knowledge will help better serve community
- Benefits of evaluating these strategies
- Schools can gauge how knowledgeable students and the community are about both non-crisis and crisis events
- Learn how organized public is in responding to a crisis
- Better inform leaders, faculty, and staff on most effective action to take in the case of a crisis event

References
