## CHEMISTRY 133 Quiz 1 – 10 points SOLUTIONS

The circuit below is set up to measure temperature using a thermistor. The thermistor is a resistor in which the resistance,  $R_T$ , varies with temperature. In the circuit below with  $R1 = 521 \Omega$ , if the voltage at point A is 3.96 V,

a) Calculate R<sub>T</sub>.

b) Thermistors often give erroneous readings due to self-heating (the measured temperature is hotter than the true temperature because of resistive heating). What is the power dissipated in the thermistor?



a) across resistor, R1, V = V<sub>A</sub> – 0 = 3.96 V = IR1 or I = 3.96 V/ 521  $\Omega$  = 0.00760 A across thermistor, V = 10 – V<sub>A</sub> = 10.0V – 3.96 V = 6.04 V = IR<sub>T</sub> or R<sub>T</sub> = 6.<u>0</u>4 V/0.00760 A = 795  $\Omega$  = **790**  $\Omega$  (2 sig figs) b) P = IV = (0.00760 A)(6.04 V) = **0.046 W**