OVERVIEW

This course focuses on the design of social science research. The main goals are to enhance students' understanding of 1) how to fashion high quality studies related to public policy and administration and 2) how to critique studies by others. A secondary goal is to familiarize students with a number of different research approaches, including their potential pitfalls.

PPA 205 is not primarily a course on data analysis; another core course, PPA 207, focuses on that topic. However, we will give some attention to the types of data analysis that may be used in the various approaches we will consider. We will also draw from real world studies that use quantitative and qualitative analysis to illustrate lessons about research design principles central to this class.

SPECIFIC LEARNING GOALS

At the end of PPA 205 it is expected that students will:

- Understand the importance of thinking systematically about how to answer social science questions, including understanding the advantages and limitations of different research designs and methods.
- Understand the advantages and limitations of experiments, surveys, field research, secondary data sets and other approaches to data collection.
- Work effectively in groups.
- Frame and present problems effectively to different audiences.
- Write effectively for different audiences.
• Understand the difference between analysis and advocacy.

More generally, when you finish this course, I hope you will be able to be excellent consumers and/or producers of research—including producing and using research ethically. This class will help you understand how to identify issues that you might want to study, how to ask the right questions, and how to gather data to answer those questions. You should understand how and why people design research and the importance of the “front end” (design) of studies, the effects each stage of the research process has on the data we collect, and how we can interpret and use the information generated. You should also understand the basic principles that all kinds of methods have in common and how to think systematically about investigating social issues.

CONDUCT OF THE COURSE

This course differs from traditional research methods courses in that a relatively heavy emphasis is placed on classroom discussion and exercises. In my judgment it is not enough for students to listen carefully to a lecture; instead, the concepts must be used to analyze real world studies and information. Accordingly, a typical class may include discussion topics, some of which are specified in the syllabus. Many class sessions will also use exercises of my own device, drawn from the main text used in class (Approaches to Social Research), or drawn from others. It is therefore imperative that you read the syllabus carefully to be well prepared and that to the extent possible you complete the readings before class.

PPA AND GOVERNMENT STUDENTS

This course satisfies the research design requirement for both the PPA and Government graduate programs. Accordingly, there will be a significant number of students from each program in the class. I will make an effort to accommodate the interests of both groups. For example, I will use extensive examples from the policy realm as well as the political realm.

READINGS

The following book is required and may be purchased at the Hornet Bookstore.


Additionally, shorter readings are required and will be available on SacCT or otherwise provided to students.
SUMMARY OF ASSIGNMENTS

This course includes both individual and group assignments.

Individual Assignments

The most important class assignment is the development of an individual research prospectus for a potential study. Such a prospectus might later be developed into a thesis/project, at the student’s option. Detailed guidelines for the prospectus will be distributed during the semester. The prospectus will be due on December 16, the last day of the final exam period. A short proposal summary will be due on November 3 and aimed at helping me determine if you are “on track.” However, I strongly urge you to set up an appointment to discuss your prospectus before the proposal summary is due. More specific guidelines for the research prospectus, the prospectus proposal, and other class assignments will be forthcoming.

There will be two additional individual, written assignments in the first few weeks of class, with the due dates allowing me to provide you with early feedback. One will be an explication of an important article and the other an analysis of causal order based on your own choice of topics.

Class participation will be considered in your final grade. In assessing participation I will take into account class attendance, quality of comments in class discussion, extent to which connections are made to course readings and concepts, and frequency of involvement.

Group Assignments

There will also be three group assignments. The most important will be aimed at having you quickly identify appropriate research approaches under significant time pressure and facing considerable assignment ambiguity. The intention is in part to duplicate the types of research you might be asked to conduct as practitioners, e.g., in state government. Additionally, student groups will be required to provide a coding scheme for recent California ballot initiatives, as well as develop protocols for a survey and interviews. Due dates for these assignments are specified in the course schedule.

TOOL KIT

I expect that you will leave PPA 205 with a “tool kit” of documents that should be helpful for you in the remainder of your academic career, including in PPA 207 if you take that class. The elements of the tool kit consist of the following:
• **A glossary of terms (not graded).** For subsequent work you will need to be proficient with many of the terms used in PPA 205 and *Approaches to Social Research*. Therefore, to ensure you are better prepared in venues such as PPA 207, I will hand out a glossary template with terms that you will need to know for the spring semester. This is for your reference but I suggest that you check it weekly and fill out the terms as you learn them.

• **A running chart of pros, cons, uses, and challenges/limitations of each method discussed in class (not graded).** This chart will be a “cheat sheet” for use when you are thinking about which methods to use for your theses or other research projects.

• **Survey and interview protocols (graded).** Constructing these tools will help you apply what you learning from the readings about how to create unbiased instruments, developed with the appropriate respondents in mind.

• **Final research prospectus (graded).**

**CLASS ATTENDANCE**

I expect students to attend all class sessions unless they have a compelling reason not to do so. Please notify me in advance if you need to miss a class. Except under unusual circumstances, a student who misses three classes will be penalized one entire grade (e.g. an A- for the course will become a B-), and a student who misses more than three classes will receive a failing grade.

**SPECIAL NEEDS RELATED TO DISABILITIES**

Should you need assistance with portions of class due to disabilities, please let me know as soon as possible. The University offers services to student with disabilities and I would be glad to refer you to the appropriate campus unit.

**ACADEMIC HONESTY**

I take issues of academic honesty (including avoiding plagiarism) seriously and you should as well. If you are unfamiliar with the specifics of University policy in this area I recommend you review the appropriate section of the on-line University Policy Manual: [http://www.csus.edu/umanual/AcademicHonestyPolicyandProcedures.htm](http://www.csus.edu/umanual/AcademicHonestyPolicyandProcedures.htm).
DISTRACTIONS

Please do not use cell phones or surf the Web during class. You are welcome to bring a laptop computer to take notes or for other purposes specified by your instructor, but I may prohibit laptops if they are being used inappropriately.

LATE ASSIGNMENTS

I will accept late assignments (or allow for a make-up assignment) only in unusual circumstances. Whether or not a penalty will be assessed depends on the reason (e.g., a family emergency constitutes a good reason for missing a deadline; a competing requirement for another course does not).

GRADING WEIGHTS

Final class grades will be determined in accordance with the following weights:

- **Individual Assignments**
  - Case study prospectus: 30%
  - Causality paper: 15%
  - Prospectus proposal: 10%
  - Arina Bones article analysis: 5%
  - Class participation: 5%

- **Group Assignments**
  - Group research presentation: 15%
  - Initiative coding scheme: 10%
  - Survey and interview protocols: 10%
CLASS SCHEDULE

September 1: Introduction & the Importance of Good Research Design

Readings
*Approaches to Social Research*, chapters 1 & 2

Exercises and Discussion
Please be prompt. I will break the class into groups for an in-class exercise within the first few minutes.

Additionally, complete exercises 1 and 3 on pages 44-45 in *Approaches* and be prepared to discuss your answers in class.

September 8: A Scientific Approach, an Ethical Inclination

*Arina Bones article analysis due*

Readings


*Approaches to Social Research*, chapter 3

Discussion
Come to class prepared to discuss your assignment.

September 15: Elements of Research Design

Readings
http://www.nytimes.com/2013/03/10/opinion/sunday/does-this-ad-make-me-fat.html?_r=0
Approaches to Social Research, chapter 4 (but only skim the section on the nature of causal relationships; we'll come back to that on Sept. 25)

Exercises and Discussion
Complete exercise 2 on pages 112-113 in Approaches and be prepared to discuss your answers in class.

Be prepared to conduct my exercise about causal order during class.

September 22: Thinking about Causality

Causal Paper Due

Readings
Sandeep Jauhar, “Giving Doctors Grades” (blog), July 22, 2015
Approaches to Social Research, pp. 96-107

Exercises and Discussion
Think carefully about Brady’s short article about the Florida results in the 2000 presidential election. What may we miss by moving right to regression analysis and ignoring the logic of causal processes?

Consider the problem Dr. Jauhar emphasizes in assigning doctors grade. How would you model the problem with a causal diagram?

Be prepared to discuss your assignment in class.

September 29: Measurement, Part One

Readings

Beth Dalbey and Justin Heinze, “And the Most Racist Place in America Is…. Closer Than You Think,” *Northville Patch*, May 1, 2015


*Approaches to Social Research*, chapter 5

**Discussion**

Think about how you might measure three concepts regarding individual American adults: 1) how educated they are; 2) whether they identify with a political party; and 3) the extent to which they hold racist attitudes. Which is most difficult to measure? Why?

Complete exercises 4 and 5 on page 148 in *Approaches* and be prepared to discuss your answers in class.

**October 6: Sampling**

**Readings**


*Approaches to Social Research*, chapter 6 (skim; in this case I think the selection from Dilman et al. is more useful)

**Guest Speaker**

David Barker, Director, Institute for Social Research

**Discussion**

What are the various types of error that pose challenges to someone trying to draw lessons from a survey sample?

What does Kahneman indicate about the danger of jumping to conclusions based on “small N” samples? What does this suggest about the desirability of “large N” studies?

**October 13: Measurement, Part 2 & Experimental Research**
Initiative Coding Group Assignment Due

Readings
Approaches to Social Research, chapters 7-8

Discussion
Why is an experimental approach likely the only one that could be used to draw valid causal inferences about the political misperceptions that concern Nyhan and Reifler? What are the implications of their findings for the extent to which we can expect people to respect principles of sound research?

Come to class prepared to discuss your group coding assignment.

October 20: Interview and Survey Design

Readings
Approaches to Social Research, chapters 9-10

Discussion
Consider the types of wording issues raised in the Fowler piece. What might these imply about how a researcher should proceed to determine the extent of television viewing among present day American teenagers?

Complete exercise 3 on p. 308 and exercise 2 on pp. 351-352 and be prepared to discuss your answers in class.

Come to class prepared to discuss your initiative coding scheme.

Guest Speaker
Colleen Moore, Education Insights Center

October 27: Surveys, Part Two & Field Research

Survey and Interview Protocol Group Assignment Due
Audio

Readings
Approaches to Social Research, chapter 11, 13

Discussion
What did NPR reporter Chana Joffe-Walt get out of a field work approach to examining the disability program that she could not have obtained from another approach?

November 3: Using Existing Data, Part One- Electronic Data Archives

Prospectus proposal due

Readings

Approaches to Social Research, pp. 393-412

Web Site to Visit
Come to class having perused the Web site for the Inter-University Consortium on Political and Social Research (ICPSR) at the University of Michigan: www.icpsr.umich.edu. I will be expecting you to be able to conduct searches and access data from this site.

November 10: A) Using Existing Data, Part Two- Historical Analysis; B) Writing for Different Audiences

To Do Before Class
Visit the California Legislative Information Web site, http://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/. Search for AB 333 from 2009 (Fuentes). Read the bill analyses by the Assembly Local Government Committee and Senate Local Government Committee.

Readings
Approaches to Social Research, pp. 413-430

Discussion
What are the different types of data that Steven Pinker uses to draw the conclusion that violence declined as a result of a “Rights Revolution” in the 20th Century? How convincing is his analysis?

How would you characterize Pinker’s writing? Is it interesting? Why/why not?

Imagine that the lawmakers reading the AB 333 bill analyses were trying to assess causal claims about what the effects of the bill would be. Which analysis is written in such a way as to better prepare the legislators to evaluate such claims? Why?

November 17: Evaluation Research and Elementary Data Analysis

Readings
Approaches to Social Research, chapters 14 and 15

Guest Speaker
Cecilia White, State Auditor’s Office

Discussion
Why did Cecilia White focus only on three states in analyzing the impact of a mandate to cover prescription contraception? What were the advantages and limitations of her approach?

November 24: No Class, Thanksgiving

Group Work
You should make plans to meet this week in your small groups in preparation for the December 1 group exercise

December 1: Research Approach Group Exercise

Be prepared to analyze research topics and recommend research approaches in real time

December 8: Revisiting Ethical Obligations and Key Course Themes

Readings
Review Approaches to Social Research, chapter 3

Discussion and Exercises
What if any lessons should we take from the Michael LaCour scandal regarding how to promote ethical research?

What does the IRB process buy us and fail to buy us in terms of promoting ethical research?

Complete exercises 1a-1c on pages 75-76 in Approaches and be prepared to discuss them in class.

Important reminder: Your research prospectus is due to my in electronic form by 10:00 a.m. on December 16!