CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY, SACRAMENTO



SINGLE SUBJECT TEACHING CREDENTIALS 2023-2024 FIELD HANDBOOK

College of Education



Greetings!

This handbook is designed for a diverse audience: our teacher candidates, our supervisors, and our partners in classrooms and at school sites and district offices. It provides practical information and outlines expectations related to our candidates' field experience and student teaching. It should be used in conjunction with the <u>Teaching Credential Programs Policies and Procedures Handbook</u> which contains more general program policies and procedures.

We feel honored to have such a diverse and robust community to work with; we truly value the expertise, time, and effort our many partners and collaborators devote to our candidates and our program. We know that high quality teacher preparation happens when many education stakeholders work together. We hope that this Field Handbook provides a clear roadmap for our collaborative work so that together we can support optimal growth and professional development for our candidates. For answers to specific questions about our Single Subject Field Handbook, please contact our Single Subject **Field Coordinator**, **Dr. Pete Benitti** at petebenitti@csus.edu. The Teaching Credentials Branch will follow this vision in implementing all aspects of its programs and achieving the Mission:

Mission: The Teaching Credentials Branch prepares teachers and leaders to be agents of change, committed to social justice, equity and inclusion in culturally and linguistically diverse schools and communities.

Vision: Our vision is to be the regional leaders in preparing and developing excellent teachers. In collaboration with our schools and communities, teachers prepared at Sacramento State create and sustain equitable inclusive educational environments which are designed to optimize access and student success.

Our vision emerges from the belief that the uniqueness of every child and adolescent is a strength rather than a weakness or deficit. Our vision comes to life through focused, rigorous coursework and structured field experiences in contexts that serve large numbers of low-income, culturally and linguistically diverse students with diverse abilities. This integrated coursework and fieldwork strengthens candidates' commitments, knowledge base and skills needed to achieve educational equity.

Our vision is supported by collaborative relationships with public school districts, schools, and community agencies so that every child in grades K-18 has multiple and varied opportunities to reach his/her full potential. These partnerships will actively remove barriers to learning by engaging in collective efforts to equalize opportunities to learn for all children/youth in the K-18 public education system and through the promulgation of informed, research-oriented, culturally competent practices that are effective in multiple settings (e.g., classrooms, pre-schools, clinics, etc.). Progress towards our vision is measured through input from partners and a coordinated set of performance assessments that faculty regularly and deliberately analyze.

In the midst of these challenging times, Sacramento State recognizes the need to commit to transformative change and create and implement a <u>University Antiracism and Inclusive Campus Plan</u>. This plan guides both our vision and mission and is a key part of the university's ongoing work to fight racism, bias, and social injustice on campus. It addresses the various ways a truly antiracist and inclusive campus must engage and operate.

We are continually energized and excited by the prospect of preparing new teachers and supporting practicing teachers in the field. We look forward to working with you and know that together, we will make a positive difference in the lives of children in our region.

Best wishes - the Faculty and Staff of the Teaching Credentials Branch

Table of Contents

GLOSSARY	3
TEACHING CREDENTIALS BRANCH AND THE STUDENT SUCCESS CENTER (SSC) OFFICE	5
General Academic and Program Services:	5
Contacts for Program Specific Services:	5
IMPORTANT TEACHER CANDIDATE PLACEMENT CHECKLIST	7
IMPORTANT DATES	
FIELD PLACEMENT REQUIREMENTS: FALL TERM	
FIELD PLACEMENT REQUIREMENTS: SPRING TERM	
GRADUAL TAKEOVER GUIDELINES	.11
GREEN LIGHT FOR PROGRESSIVE TEACHING RESPONSIBILITIES	.12
CO-TEACHING FOR CTs AND TCs: AN OVERVIEW	.13
TEACHER CANDIDATE RESPONSIBILITIES	. 15
COOPERATING TEACHER RESPONSIBILITIES	. 18
UNIVERSITY SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES	. 19
SINGLE SUBJECT PROGRAM LESSON PLAN TEMPLATE	.20
EVALUATION OF TEACHER CANDIDATE	.27
TEACHER CANDIDATE SUPPORT	. 29
SOCIAL NETWORKS	.31
STATEMENT OF CONCERN	. 33
PERFORMANCE CONTRACT	. 34
TEACHER CANDIDATE EVALUATION SIGNATURE PAGE	. 35
TEACHING PERFORMANCE EXPECTATIONS (TPEs)	.36
SINGLE SUBJECT TEACHING CREDENTIALS	. 38
FIELD HANDBOOK SIGNATURE PAGE	. 38
COLLEGE of EDUCATION	. 38

All forms included in the Handbook are for reference only. Editable/fillable versions of these forms are available on the <u>Teaching Credentials Current Students website</u>

GLOSSARY

Backward Design: An approach to instructional design that begins with the end in mind: (1) identify desired results, (2) determine evidence of learning, and then (3) develop curriculum and lessons (Wiggins & McTighe, 1998).

Bilingual Authorization: Those candidates earning a Bilingual Authorization (formerly known as the BCLAD) can provide instruction in another language. Sacramento State can offer this authorization in either Spanish or Hmong.

<u>Cooperating or Co-Teacher (CT)</u>: Also known as the mentor or master teacher, they serve as the in-service public-school teacher who willingly collaborates with and mentors a teacher candidate (TC).

<u>**Co-Teaching Model</u></u>: "two teachers (Co-Teacher and Teacher Candidate) working together with groups of students – sharing the planning, organization, delivery, and assessment of instruction, as well as the physical space. Both teachers are actively involved and engaged in all aspects of instruction" (Bacharach & Heck, 2011).</u>**

<u>**Gradual Takeover</u>**: A deliberate, collaborative process in which the Teacher Candidate gradually assumes more responsibility for the planning, teaching, and assessing of the students in the class. The TC initially observes the CT modeling effective planning, teaching, and assessment strategies. Then, when agreed upon by both parties, the TC begins to gradually assume more responsibilities.</u>

Linked Learning: A Career Pathways Certificate for TCs interested in being prepared to teach in Linked Learning settings. The TCs are cohorted and their coursework includes support for understanding and integrating linked learning into their disciplines. They also take a work-based learning course and upon completion of the credential program, they get a certificate so that employers know they are prepared for teaching in Career Pathways schools.

<u>Solo Teaching</u>: solo teaching or the equivalent includes those activities in which the candidate plans the lessons, delivers the lessons, and assesses student work. Candidates conduct solo teaching for at least 4 weeks during the student teaching semester, where they are expected to fully participate within the school environment and experience and understand the full range of activities and responsibilities of being the teacher of record.

<u>**Teacher Candidate (TC)</u>**: A teacher candidate enrolled in the university credential program, who concurrently works in the field as a co-teacher (also known as teaching candidate and credential candidate).</u>

Teaching Performance Expectations (TPEs): A description of the set of knowledge, skills, and abilities that the state of California expects of each candidate recommended for a preliminary Single Subject Teaching Credential.

<u>University Supervisor (US)</u>: The faculty member and course instructor for the EDSS 474 series

courses who evaluates the TC's performance in the host class and acts as a liaison between the university and public school. The US plays a key communication role between public school administrators, CTs, and the program faculty/staff in support of the TC.

TEACHING CREDENTIALS BRANCH AND THE STUDENT SUCCESS CENTER (SSC) OFFICE

The Teaching Credential Programs are supported by expert staff at the program, department, and college levels. Staff in our branch office provide admitted candidates with resources related to courses, required forms, any program continuation issues, and faculty information. Staff advisors in the Student Success Center (SSC) provide resources related to exploring graduate programs, support for required credential exams, scholarship information, and assist credential candidates at the final stages of their program when a credential recommendation is needed.

Teaching Credentials Branch Office - Eureka Hall 401, (916) 278-6639

SSC Office – Eureka Hall 437, (916) 278-6403

Credential Analyst's Office – Eureka Hall 414, (916) 278-4567

The academic year hours for the offices listed above are:

Monday – Friday, 8 a.m. – 12 p.m. & 1 p.m. – 5 p.m. (check website for summer hours)

Please see the <u>SSC website</u> to schedule an in-person or Zoom appointment for advising, or the <u>Teaching</u> <u>Credentials website</u> for more information about Zoom or drop-in hours with staff from Eureka Hall 401.

General Academic and Program Services:

The Academic and Program Services is the one-stop shop for all student services.
(916) 278-6639 | Eureka Hall 401 | <u>coe-cred@csus.edu</u>

Contacts for Program Specific Services:

- Dr. Jenna Porter, Teaching Credentials Branch Chair jmporter@csus.edu, Eureka Hall 401, (916) 278-6639
- Dr. Sarah Ives, Single Subject Program Coordinator sarah.ives@csus.edu, Eureka Hall 218, (916) 278-3552
- Dr. Pete Benitti, Single Subject Field Coordinator petebenitti@csus.edu, Eureka Hall 303, (916) 278-4298
- Dr. Leslie Banes, Bilingual Authorization Coordinator <u>l.banes@csus.edu</u>, Eureka Hall 304, (916) 278-3496
- Jennifer Clark, Teaching Credentials Field Placement Coordinator coe cred placements@csus.edu, Eureka Hall 403, (916) 278-6639
- Andrew Hanzlik, Placement Support Coordinator andrew.hanzlik@csus.edu, Eureka 401, (916) 278-3935
- Linda Lugea, Branch Administrative Analyst <u>llugea@csus.edu</u>, Eureka Hall 401, (916) 278-5399
- Mercedes Hipolito, Applications and Admissions Administrative Support Coordinator <u>m.dawal@cus.edu</u>, Eureka Hall 401, (916) 278-4081
- Elizabeth Christian, Credential Analyst credentials@csus.edu, Eureka Hall 414, (916) 278-6403
- Jessa Jimenez-Estrada, Credential Analyst credentials@csus.edu, Eureka 414, (916) 278-6403
- Ashley Ciraulo-Stuart, Student Success Center Coordinator aciraulo@csus.edu, Eureka Hall 437, (916) 278-6403

- Karina Figueroa-Ramirez, COE, Educational Equity Coordinator <u>figueroaramirez@csus.edu</u>, Eureka Hall 437, (916) 278-4324
 - List of Peer Mentors can be found at <u>Educational Equity Program Website</u>

IMPORTANT TEACHER CANDIDATE PLACEMENT CHECKLIST

Teacher Candidates (TCs) must have **Certificate of Clearance (CoC)** in order to start in the field. These can be submitted by emailing <u>coe-cred@csus.edu</u>.

In order to get a student teaching placement, TCs must establish an account in Sonia. Instructions for setting up the account are sent to all incoming candidates from the <u>coe-credp@csus.edu</u> email.

TCs cannot start in their placements until they have uploaded (in Sonia) proof that they've been cleared by the district.

TCs must meet Subject Matter Competency (pass CSETs) by January 2024 in order to move to student teaching (this is a hard deadline).

TCs should check their csus emails daily - especially junk mail and SPAM folders.

IMPORTANT DATES

Fall 2023

- Orientation. Teacher candidates (TCs) are required to attend a mandatory field orientation on Zoom on Thursday, July 13 from 11:00 am 12:30 pm. Mandatory program orientation will be held inperson on Friday, August 25 from 9:00 am – 5:00 pm.
- Field Experience. TCs are required to attend the equivalent of up to three periods daily from Monday through Thursday at their placement. Prior to August 28th, candidates are highly encouraged to observe at least two days at their placement.
- University Coursework. Begins August 28, 2023 ending dates of coursework vary. (More information about the Sacramento State academic calendar can be found <u>here</u>). Note: TCs follow their placement schedule for their school.
- Fall 2023 Course Schedule. The course schedule for Fall 2023 can be found here.

Spring 2024

- Coursework. Begins January 22, 2024 ending dates of coursework vary. Note: TCs follow their placement schedule for their school. The Spring 2024 Schedule will be available November 2023.
- Student Teaching Placement. All TCs are required to be at their placement Monday to Thursday when Sac State is on Winter Break to prepare for Student Teaching. Sacramento State and District Winter Breaks may or may not align. During the spring semester, TCs will be in their placement Monday through Thursday 30 minutes before their first assigned period begins until 12:00 pm on Monday and Wednesday and until 2:00 pm on Tuesday and Thursday.
- > IEP Simulation Event. Saturday, March 9, 2024 TCs are required to attend the entire event.
- Sacramento State Spring Break. March 18 March 24 All TCs are required to be in their placement /No Sac State classes; if it is a District Spring Break TCs are required to attend Sac State classes if in session/No student teaching. Sacramento State and District Spring Breaks may or may not align.
- Education & Social Impact Career Fair. The Education & Social Impact Career Fair will be held in March or early April 2024. Please check the <u>Career Center website</u> for more information. (If this is a placement day, TCs will be excused from your placement to attend).
- Multicultural Education Conference. Friday-Saturday, April 5-6, 2024 TCs required to attend the entire conference.

FIELD PLACEMENT REQUIREMENTS: FALL TERM (August – School District Winter Break)

*All placements are made in Sacramento region Title 1 schools (or in schools where at least 50% of students qualify for free/reduced lunch) and are made by our Teaching Credentials Field Placement Coordinator. Placements are for the entire 2023-2024 year. Placements need to allow TCs to be on time for courses on Sacramento State campus.

All TCs should be at their school site at least 30 minutes before their first assigned period begins. While at their school, TCs may have some periods that are "assigned" for their field experience and others that may be "unassigned." During any "unassigned" periods, candidates should stay on campus to become familiar with students, teachers, staff, and programs and to complete field tasks and assignments from their Sac State courses.

Placement Schedule

Monday, Wednesday: 8:00am - 12:00pm

Tuesday, Thursday: 8:00am - 2:00pm

Friday open: candidates could opt to be at their placement to gain additional field hours or recoup any lost field hours due to illness, substitute teach for CT/another teacher in their subject area department (up to five days per semester) or study, to take a mental health day, etc. Placements need to allow TCs to be on time for courses on Sacramento State campus.

Time commitment: 2-3 class periods as follows:

1-2 Periods: Same subject area as credential, candidate gradually assumes lead teacher responsibilities for planning and will continue teaching (and co-teaching) this class (es) through the spring semester 2-4 times/week depending upon if traditional or block schedule (block schedules vary from site to site; actual TC schedules can be worked out collaboratively with the TC, the CT, and the US with input from the Field Coordinator as needed). This period(s) must be in the same subject area as the credential subject area the candidate is pursuing (e.g., English candidates must teach in an English Language Arts class).

1 Period: Observation/Participation in (a) a class where content is taught primarily to English Learners where candidate will gradually assume greater teacher responsibilities in the spring, and (b) in a different class within/outside the candidate's subject area 2-3 times/week depending upon if traditional or block schedule (block schedules vary from site to site; actual TC schedules can be worked out collaboratively with the TC, the CT, and the US with input from the Field Coordinator as needed).

FIELD PLACEMENT REQUIREMENTS: SPRING TERM (January – Last day of university class instruction or end of school district year)*

Candidates are encouraged to remain teaching at their placement until the end of their school's year to gain as much experience as possible, ensure a smooth conclusion to the year, regain any missing hours due to illness, etc.)

Placement Schedule

Monday, Wednesday: 8:00am - 12:00pm

Tuesday, Thursday: 8:00am - 2:00pm

Friday open: candidates could opt to be at their placement to gain additional field hours or recoup any lost field hours due to illness, substitute teach for CT/another teacher in their subject area department (up to five days per semester) or study, to take a mental health day, etc. Placements need to allow TCs to be on time for courses on Sacramento State campus.

Time commitment: 3-4 class periods as follows:

2-3 Periods: Same subject area as credential, candidate assumes lead teacher responsibilities and will continue teaching (and co-teaching) this class(es) from the fall 2-4 times/week depending upon if traditional or block schedule (block schedules vary from site to site; actual TC schedules can be worked out collaboratively with the TC, the CT, and the US with input from the Field Coordinator as needed). Candidate gradually assumes primary teacher planning, teaching, and assessing responsibilities (see Gradual Takeover Guidelines below). These periods must be in the same subject area as the credential subject area the candidate is pursuing (e.g., English candidates must teach in an English Language Arts class). At least one period should be in a different level class within the same content area.

1 Period: Observation/Participation in (a) a class where content is taught primarily to English Learners where candidate will gradually assume greater teacher responsibilities, and (b) in a different class within/outside the candidate's subject area 2-4 times/week depending upon if traditional or block schedule (block schedules vary from site to site; actual TC schedules can be worked out collaboratively with the TC, the CT, and the US with input from the Field Coordinator as needed). For this different class during the first eight weeks, the TC observes and participates with CT, then both Teacher Candidate and CT collaboratively plan and instruct. Toward the end of the university semester, the TC will teach a 1-2 week mini-unit of study.

Note: During student teaching, the candidate is required to complete at least 4 weeks of **solo teaching** or the equivalent. The candidate should fully participate within the school environment and experience and understand the full range of activities and responsibilities of being the teacher of record.

* Teacher Candidates are required to complete a summative performance assessment, the edTPA, in a class that is of the same subject area as the credential subject area the candidate is pursuing (e.g., English candidates must complete their edtpa in an English Language Arts class.)

Teacher Candidates will make arrangements to fulfill university course assignments by observing in different classes.

GRADUAL TAKEOVER GUIDELINES

Teacher Candidate development is the top priority for our credential program, but we are also committed to supporting optimal pupil learning. In order to address both priorities, it is important that the teacher candidates not be placed in a "sink or swim" situation and that they assume teaching responsibilities after specific strategies have been discussed and modeled and once their ability to plan and engage students has been adequately demonstrated. Please consult the "Green Light" checklist below for indicators of readiness for increased responsibility. The guidelines present a typical trajectory for the developmental phases of learning to teach, moving from focused observation to heavily supported practice to co-teaching and independent practice.

Week 1:

- Teacher Candidate is introduced as an additional classroom teacher and works alongside the CT so the students view them as a team from beginning.
- Teacher Candidate completes targeted observations of the classroom, taking notes on teacher "moves" and student responses and interactions.

Weeks 2 – 3: (approx. 20 – 45 minutes of period)

• Teacher Candidate has a basic role in the class, e.g., takes attendance, creates seatingchart, can teach parts of the lesson which the CT has planned, and shared with the Teacher Candidate, prior to the class period, so the Teacher Candidate can thoroughly prepare.

Weeks 4 – 12: (approx. 40 – 90 min of period)

- Teacher Candidate teaches with the CT, using the CT's plans.
- CT and Teacher Candidate do the daily planning together <u>in advance</u> of instruction.
- Teacher Candidate writes and teaches pieces of the lessons (activity plans), as agreed upon by CT and Teacher Candidate. (Example: Teacher Candidate may teach the warmup, develop discussion questions during lecture, and/or teach the closure activity).
- Teacher Candidate teaches using collaboratively developed lesson plans.

Weeks 13 - 16: (60 - 90 min of period)

• Teacher Candidate teaches using collaboratively developed lesson plans but the Teacher Candidate acts as the "lead" teacher, taking primary responsibility for planning, instruction, and assessment with ongoing co-teaching, support, and guidance from CT. Teacher Candidate has comprehensive planning, teaching, and assessing responsibilities.

*The teacher candidate is highly encouraged to remain in the host class until the end of the public school academic year for curricular and instructional consistency. However, if the teacher candidate is not remaining in the host class until the end of the public-school academic year, then, beginning the first week in May, the teacher candidate and the CT should discuss transition plans so that by the teacher candidate's final day in in the classroom, all necessary information, instructional materials, etc. have been appropriately transferred and/or conveyed to the CT. The teacher candidate should initiate this conversation and ensure that there is no disruption to student learning as a result of their exit from the placement.

^{}NOTE:** The CT does NOT need to exit the class when the teacher candidate is teaching. Implementation of the co-teaching strategies (see below) allows the CT to remain an important part of the instructional team, thus maximizing student learning.

^{*} Use professional judgment, supported by evidence of effective teaching, when making decisions about when to transfer responsibility to the Teacher Candidate. If the CT feels the Teacher Candidate is capable of moving faster than the above timeline or needs more time, then this might be followed. This decision should be made jointly with the CT, the Teacher Candidate, and the University Supervisor.

GREEN LIGHT FOR PROGRESSIVE TEACHING RESPONSIBILITIES

NOTE: These guidelines are "approximate" and should be used to engage in a discussion from a common understanding of "readiness" for whole class instruction. *Ideally, candidates will be at the "green light" stage by about week 8 of the Sacramento State calendar.*

Essential background knowledge

- ✓ Student behavior expectations/policies
- ✓ School emergency procedures
- ✓ School bell schedule
- ✓ Names and contact procedure for communicating with front office, administrators, campus safety
- ✓ Names and seating assignments of all students in the class
- ✓ At least 3 effective strategies and basic instructional requirements for any students with special needs
- ✓ At least 3 effective strategies and basic instructional requirements for any students identified as English language learners
- ✓ 2 to 3 strategies for maintaining student engagement and classroom routines including:
 - □ Calling students' attention
 - □ Redirecting off-task behavior
 - □ Transitioning between activities
 - \Box Scanning the room
- ✓ Cooperating co-teacher's processes and routines (candidate has completed at least 2 scripted observations with reflective commentary)

Essential foundational behaviors (as observed by CT and school administrators):

- ✓ Has established positive, respectful rapport with students
- \checkmark Exhibits enthusiasm
- ✓ Takes initiative, commits to tasks with 100% effort
- \checkmark Is reflective, is open to feedback and implements it
- ✓ Uses flexible and critical thinking

Adequate preparation indicators (for small group and whole class instruction)

- \checkmark A lesson plan is presented in advance with clearly articulated:
 - □ Student learning objectives, with links to previous lessons as appropriate
 - \Box Task and activity directions
 - □ Explanations of concepts and/or procedures
 - □ Scripted questions to check for understanding and probe student thinking
 - □ Plans for anticipating student difficulties
 - □ Strategies for engaging students with special needs or interests
 - Strategies for engaging students identified as Emergent Bilingual
 - □ One-stage contingency plan if 2, 3, or 4 are unsuccessful as planned
 - □ Mostly realistic pacing (this is developed over time but it should not be wildly incorrect)
 - □ Instructional materials have been identified

CO-TEACHING FOR CTs AND TCs: AN OVERVIEW

The co-teaching model originated to facilitate collaborative teaching between general education and special education teachers. This model has been adapted to support student learning in a general education classroom, when a cooperating teacher and teacher candidate are teaching together. Co-teaching is defined as: "two teachers (cooperating teacher and teacher candidate) working together with groups of students – sharing the planning, organization, delivery and assessment of instruction, as well as the physical space. Both teachers are actively involved and engaged in all aspects of instruction" (Bacharach & Heck, 2011).

As a result of research conducted by St. Cloud University, our own experiences with successful informal co-teaching arrangements (Wong & Glass, 2009), and a recent NCATE Blue Ribbon Panel Report, **our programs are committed to implementing co-teaching as the primary model guiding the work of cooperating teachers and teacher candidates.**

Successful co-teaching BUILDS on:

- (a) An attitude: of sharing the classroom and the students. Co-teachers must always be thinking: we are both teaching!
- (b) A commitment: to developing a successful collaboration between the cooperating teacher and the teacher candidate. This involves self-awareness, flexibility, communication skills, and an open mind.
- (c) Use of co-teaching strategies including one teach/one observe; one teach/one assist; station teaching; parallel teaching; supplemental teaching; alternative teaching; and team teaching.

Successful co-teaching RESULTS in:

- (a) Improved student outcomes due to a reduced student/teacher ratio and an enhanced ability to meet diverse student needs.
- (b) Opportunities for greater student participation and engagement, more diversified teaching strategies, and increased instructional options for all students.
- (c) Enhanced skills for CT and ST, especially planning, assessment and collaboration.

Additional support for CTs with co-teaching will be provided by supervisors over the course of the academic year.

Sources:

- Bacharach, N. and Heck, T. (2011) "Mentoring teacher candidates through co-teaching. Train the trainer Workshop." Minneapolis, MN: St. Cloud University
- National Council for Accreditation of Teacher Education (2010) *Transforming teacher education through clinical practice: A national strategy to prepare effective teachers.* Washington, D.C.: NCATE
- Wong, P. and Glass, R. (2009) *Prioritizing urban children, teachers and schools through professional development schools.* Albany, NY: State University of New York Press.

Six Co-Teaching Strategies



One Teach, One Assist

One teacher acts as the primary teacher while the other assists and supports the learners. The co-teacher assists by monitoring student work, addressing behavior issues, answering student questions, distributing materials, or asking the lead teacher to clarify any developing student misconceptions.



One Teach, One Observe

One teacher acts as the primary teacher while the other gathers specific observational information on student learning such as students' academic, behavioral, and social skills while in the classroom. Roles can switch depending on the topic or interests of the teacher, however this strategy is only meant to be used occasionally.



Station Teaching

Co-teachers divide their class into small groups to provide instruction at separate stations. Activities should be designed to function independently of each other and require approximately the same amount of time with student groups rotating stations. This approach reduces the student-teacher ratio, increasing student participation and effective monitoring of the students.



Parallel Teaching

Co-teachers divide the class in half and instruct them on the same material; groups don't rotate. Parallel teaching allows the co-teachers to maximize participation and minimize behavior problems. This approach reduces the student-teacher ratio and increases instructional intensity. Co-teachers will need to be cognizant of timing and pacing when using this strategy.



Alternative (Differentiated) Teaching

One teacher manages a large group of students while the other takes a small group for a specific instructional purpose. This approach provides instructional flexibility and can be used for enrichment, remediation, assessment, or pre-teaching, as well as for using alternative methods of providing lesson input.



Team Teaching

Both teachers are often in the front of the classroom, sharing the responsibilities of lead instruction, with equally active, but possibly different, roles in a lesson. This approach can enhance teacher creativity, encourage collaboration, and energize students. This strategy should be used occasionally as more subtle student needs can be missed when grouping is not being used.

CSU, Chico

Adapted from the work of Marilyn Friend, Lynne Cooke, and St. Cloud State University

TEACHER CANDIDATE RESPONSIBILITIES

- Be on time (30 minutes prior to the start of class).
- Be prepared (lesson plans should be submitted and approved by CTs at least one day prior to teaching using the Lesson Plan Template).
- Communicate clearly and in a timely manner. Communications written, in person, on the phone should use appropriate greetings and closings, grammar, professional vocabulary, and be courteous in tone. Teacher Candidates are required to use their Sacramento State email for all email communication pertaining to the program. **Emails should be checked on a daily basis** with responses taking no more than 48 hours; if emails are marked urgent, responses should be sent as soon as possible.
- Learn and follow all school rules, including any policies related to attendance, a positive COVID-19 test result, use of technology, and related policies and practices.
- Attend department meetings and school events such as Back-to-School Night, Open House, parent/guardian teacher conferences, IEP meetings, professional development, etc., to the extent possible so that they DO NOT interfere with TC's university class start times.
- Learn and follow guidelines in the Teaching Credential Programs Policies and Procedures Handbook
- Dress and act professionally: maintain confidentiality, treat colleagues, staff, students, parents with respect and courtesy, maintain professional standards for dress, language and media use, meet deadlines and timelines, take responsibility, maintain high standards of personal accountability and integrity, maintain open lines of communication, anticipate challenges and address them, be cognizant that you are representing Sacramento State specifically and the teaching profession in general act in ways that will engender pride.
- Maintain a "growth" mindset: be confident that purposeful and diligent effort brings results therefore, be open-minded and intellectually curious, engage in activities that will deepen and/or broaden your perspective and knowledge base, seek out feedback, receive it with grace and objectivity, and then implement/apply it thoughtfully.
- Maintain a class Ebinder or similar organizer approved by the supervisor to include:
 - School Rules/Policies
 - o Class syllabi
 - Seating charts for each class (avoid including student last names or other personal info)
 - Unit and daily lesson plans
 - Daily/Weekly written reflections
 - Observation notes
 - Write weekly high/low reflections to communicate with your supervisor (see Lesson Plan template).

Speak with your CT if:

- You have any general concerns or need clarification about school or classroom policies, procedures, expectations or norms.
- A concern arises with students in your class;
- A concern arises with a parent/guardian of a student in your class;
- A concern arises between yourself and your CT. Remember to use "I" messages to communicate your concerns, e.g., "I feel I need more time to discuss my lesson ideas with you." Other concerns as appropriate (These may involve colleagues at your site or in your classes; use the utmost discretion when discussing these situations.)

Speak with your Supervisor if:

- You have any general concerns or need clarification about school or classroom policies, procedures, expectations, or norms that are unresolved after communicating them to your CT.
- A problem/concern arises with students in your classroom and is unresolved even after talking with your CT;
- A problem/concern arises with a parent of a student in your classroom and is unresolved even after talking with your CT;
- A problem/concern arises between yourself and your CT and is unresolved even after talking with your CT;
- A problem/concern arises between yourself and your supervisor. Remember to use "I" messages to communicate your concerns, e.g., "I feel that I need you to offer concrete reasons why you rated my professionalism as a level "1" on evaluation form."
- Other concerns as needed.

Speak with the Single Subject Field Coordinator if:

- You have any general concerns or need clarification about school or classroom policies, procedures, expectations, or norms that are unresolved by communicating these issues to your CT and supervisor;
- A problem/concern arises between you and your CT or supervisor that remains unresolved after direct attempts to communicate.
- A problem/concern arises between you and a faculty member that remains unresolved after direct attempts to communicate.

Speak with the Teaching Credentials Department Chair if the steps above do not resolve the issue.

*****Policy for Absence, arriving late or leaving early -** Illness and emergencies are the only acceptable excuses for absence. In the event of absence, it is the responsibility of the Teacher Candidate to inform the school (the CT or school office, as directed) and your university supervisor in sufficient time for instruction to be continued effectively. In most cases, absences will need to be made up. Certainly, there are occasions when it is impossible to be on time or when a candidate needs to leave the class/site earlier than the normal schedule dictates.

These instances should be actively minimized. Early in the semester, be sure to clarify the preferred means of communicating an absence, early exit, or late arrival with your CT, the school administration, and your supervisor. If the mandated schedule is violated repeatedly (typically more than 4 instances), this will be cause for a Statement of Concern/Performance Contract and could lead to a grade of "No Credit" in the field experience or student teaching course. In some cases, violation of the mandated schedule may be cause for dismissal from the program. For any unannounced absence, the CT should notify the university supervisor immediately.

*****Bilingual Authorization.** Bilingual Authorization candidates are assigned a target language proficient University Supervisor who supports and evaluates the candidate during the field experience.

Setting

There are several settings in which the Single Subject Bilingual Authorization candidates may complete their student teaching in Spanish or Hmong in fulfillment of the Bilingual Authorization Standards. These are listed in order of preference. Planning begins at level 1. There should be a compelling reason to move down the list.

Note: When the Spanish or Hmong setting is a class the candidate is not familiar with, they will spend at least one week observing the teacher/class before taking over.

Long term (full year or one semester) placement in a classroom in where Spanish or Hmong is the language of instruction in the appropriate content, such as a bilingual high school or middle

school class with a bilingual credentialed teacher.

Short term placement (3 weeks) in a bilingual or Spanish for native speakers (heritage language) class where candidates can teach a short unit in Spanish in the appropriate content, with support from a bilingual credentialed teacher.

In classrooms in which English is the language of instruction, pull out instruction in Spanish or Hmong to a small group in which content is taught in Spanish, Spanish to Spanish, or Hmong-speaking students for a minimum of 3 weeks AND observe for 20 hours in a bilingual middle or upper elementary classroom where content* is taught in Spanish or Hmong.

Alternatively, student teachers may regularly provide additional support to Spanish and Hmong speaking students in their regular student teaching placements AND observe for 20 hours in a bilingual middle or upper elementary classroom where content is taught in Spanish or Hmong (completed in EDUC 175B).

***For English Language Arts candidates**, the appropriate Spanish content can be Spanish language arts, Spanish language development, or Spanish for native speakers. Spanish World Language candidates will be placed in a Spanish for native speakers (heritage language) class.

CSUS Requirements for teaching candidates:

Follow and complete all requirements for student teaching as outlined by regular content area supervisors, such as lesson plan requirements, reflections, etc.

Prepare and teach lessons in Spanish or Hmong.

Communicate with parents and the Spanish or Hmong speaking community as needed (guided by cooperating teacher), including sending home an introduction letter explaining your role in the classroom, goals for students' language use, and what you will be teaching. Provide a written lesson plan in Spanish or Hmong to the University Supervisor for each

scheduled observation.

*** Policy for progressing from fall semester to spring semester: Upon accepting our offer of admission, Teacher Candidates signed a policy statement that carefully outlined expectations about course grades (including courses related to field experience and student teaching), overall and cumulative GPA minimums, and state requirements for a credential (e.g., demonstration of subject matter competence, basic skills, e.g., passing the CBEST, etc.). We expect that Teacher Candidates will carefully monitor their own progress in courses (including paying attention to grades in courses at the conclusion of the 8-week modules), field experience/student teaching, and in meeting all state requirements. This program is carefully squasdand Teacher Candidates risk timely completion of the program if all program policies are not met, especially those related to minimum grade requirements and subject matter competence. If a Teacher Candidate is at risk of violating a program policy, they will be sent reminders by department staff. Teacher Candidates are strongly advised to PAY ATTENTION to email communications from program staff.

*** **Substitute Teaching Policy:** Teacher Candidates may substitute teach for either their CT or another teacher in their department for no more than 5 days per semester. A candidate's CT and supervisor must approve of the subbing in advance. All substitute teaching must be at the candidate's placement and cannot interfere with the candidate's university course start time.

Additionally, candidates may choose to substitute teach on Fridays; there is no limit to the number of substitution days that occur outside required field placement hours (eg. Fridays).

COOPERATING TEACHER RESPONSIBILITIES

- Become familiar with all Sacramento State policies and procedures articulated in this Handbook
- Model effective management and instructional strategies
- Consult daily with Teacher Candidate (provide feedback, advice, curriculum, etc.)
- Meet weekly (face to face, virtually, via telephone) to co-plan, prepare for teaching, provide general feedback
- Review and provide feedback on Teacher Candidate lesson plans at least 1 day prior to allowing them to teach
- Observe Teacher Candidate on regular basis and provide oral and written feedback
- Monitor Teacher Candidate's Ebinder of teaching materials regularly
- Support Teacher Candidates in their implementation of Culturally Responsive/Antiracist/Social Justice strategies and curriculum
- Communicate regularly with the University Supervisor (US)
- Assist Teacher Candidate in accessing school materials, grading systems, technology, etc.
- Contribute feedback for evaluation of Teacher Candidate (see section below on Teacher Candidate Evaluation; further details will be provided by Field Coordinator)
- Maintain a professional relationship with Teacher Candidate at all times: withhold sensitive/personal information; refrain from inappropriate interaction and conversations; refrain from inappropriate requests (such as meeting outside of school grounds)
- Maintain appropriate expectations of Teacher Candidate (Inappropriate expectations include: grading and planning for non-related classes; busy-work such as organizing or cleaning; extra work beyond the parameters of expected TC responsibilities; etc.)
- Assist the Teacher Candidate in videotaping for their mandated summative evaluation: The Performance Assessment for California Teachers (edTPA) Teaching Event
- If a Teacher Candidate is struggling, concerns should be documented and shared with the University Supervisor *as soon as they become evident*. The CT and US can implement the Statement of Concern/Performance Contract process detailed below, as warranted.

The Commission on Teacher Credentialing (CTC) enacted a requirement in 2016 that all cooperating teachers complete 10 hours of initial orientation and ongoing support. The first is an initial orientation (minimum of 10 hours) with respect to: (1) Program curriculum, (2) Effective supervision approaches such as (but not limited to) cognitive coaching and adult learning theory, and (3) Current content specific pedagogy and instructional practices. The second is ongoing support to ensure that CTs stay current with respect to: (1) Knowledge and skills for supervision, and (2) Program expectations.

 All CTs/Mentors must complete this orientation, which can be accessed online <u>here</u>. Two hours of the orientation is Sac State Credential program-focused and the other eight hours can be completed by participating in district, Sac State or other relevant organization professional learning.

UNIVERSITY SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES

***It is program policy that the same supervisor will stay with candidates for the year

- Become thoroughly familiarized with items in this Handbook as well as the Policies and Procedures Handbook for CoE Teacher Preparation Programs
- Conduct initial meetings with the Teacher Candidate and CT (prior to first observation)
- Communicate <u>regularly</u> with the Teacher Candidate <u>and CT</u>
- Actively elicit feedback from the CT about the teacher candidate's development
- Communicate regularly with the instructional faculty, specifically through participation in monthly program meetings
- Provide clarifications and reinforcement of content in the Handbook, especially as this pertains to the use of the lesson plan template and implementation of other policies
- Regularly check and provide feedback to Candidate on materials collected in their Ebinder
- Complete and monitor Statements of Concern/Performance Contracts when appropriate (including collecting signatures from Candidate, CT, and university personnel and providing copies to Candidate and CT)
- Observe a minimum of 6 times in both Fall and Spring semesters. Observations should be scheduled. The scheduled dates and times should be communicated to teacher candidates and CTs.
- Complete a midterm (spring only) and final evaluation (fall and spring) in Taskstream each semester. University Supervisors should actively solicit feedback from cooperating teachers and this should inform the teacher candidate's evaluations.
- Submit Observation Logs and Signature Pages (last page of the Student Teaching Evaluation) for each supervisee each semester.
- If a Teacher Candidate is struggling (for example: inconsistent attendance, failing to submit lesson plans), initiate the Statement of Concern/Performance Contract process detailed below, as warranted.

SINGLE SUBJECT PROGRAM LESSON PLAN TEMPLATE COLLEGE of EDUCATION

The Lesson Plan Template is designed to guide candidates in planning their lessons. It allows and encourages them to clearly identify key elements of their lessons and is a critical aspect of preparation and a key component necessary for successfully completing the credential program.

Candidate development as a professional educator and effective teacher is our primary focus. The Lesson Plan Template is used for this purpose. It is expected that candidates will be completing a Lesson Plan Template for each lesson taught.

Single Subject Program Lesson Plan Template

Section 1: Background Information and Context

A: The Basics

Name	Grade level(s)	
Date(s) taught	Course/Subject	
Lesson Title	Time Frame	

B: Central Focus

	Big Ideas
Essential	
questions for the	
Unit	
Essential	
Question for	
Today's Lesson	

C: Specific Standards

Content Standard(s)	
Common Core	
Literacy Standards	
ELD Standards	
Social Justice	
Standards	

D: Objectives

	Objectives	Assessment		
	Objectives	Tools for Assessment	Evaluation Criteria	
Content Objective(s)				
Language and				
Literacy Objective(s)				
Racial and Social				
Justice Objective(s)				
(see ABF Outcomes)				

E: Academic Language Demands and Supports

	Identified Language Demands	Planned Language Supports
Content Specific		
Vocabulary		
Language		
Function		
Syntax		
Discourse		

F: Using Knowledge about Students (and that students already have) to Inform Teaching and Learning

	Relevant Student Information	How will you use this information in this lesson plan?
Prior Knowledge and Learning		
Experiences		
Funds of Knowledge: Family/		
Community/ Cultural Assets		
Common Mistakes and/or		
Misunderstandings		
Social / Emotional		
Consideration		
(5 CASEL Core		
Competencies)		

G: Supporting Varied Student Learning Needs

Materials, Resources,	Teacher Materials, Resource:	Students' Materials:
Technology		
	Student Information	How will you support and/or accommodate the student(s) in this lesson? Include any use of technology
Students with IEP or 504 plans		
Struggling / underperforming Students		
Emergent Bilinguals		
Gifted and Talented Students		
Other		

Section 2: Learning Task Implementation:

Timing, materials,	Pacing	TEACHER DOES:	STUDENTS DO:
and other	(Approx.	Indicate instructional strategies	Indicate performance expectations

procedural notes including use of technology	times)	that address individual learning needs addressing the needs (Refer to Section 1.F)	(Refer to Section 1.F)
Launch (Multiple means of engagement)		I will	Students will
Instruction/ Application (Multiple means of representation)		I will	Students will
Assessment, closure, reflection (Multiple means of expression)		I will	Students will

Section 3: Teacher Reflection (after the lesson)

- 1. What specific examples of student learning do you have that have shown students met or made progress toward the stated objectives? If you used technology, was it an effective means for supporting your learning goals?
 - a. Looking at this evidence, what were your (the teacher's) actions and/or strategies that contributed to and built on successful student learning?
- 2. What specific examples of student learning do you have that showed students struggled to meet or make progress toward the stated objectives?
 - b. Looking at this evidence, what were your (the teacher's) actions and/or strategies that interfered with student learning? Describe any missed opportunities.
- 3. Using the evidence of student learning described and observed, what will be your *next steps* in future instruction with the class, small groups, and/or individual students?
- 4. Considering student learning, if you were to teach this lesson again, what would you do *differently*?

CSUS, Single Subject Program Anti-Racism Racial/Social Justice Lesson Plan Template/ Plantilla de planificación de clase Bilingual Authorization (BA) Candidates

Sección 1: Información general y contexto

A: Lo básico		
Nombre	Grado(s)/nivel(es)	
Fecha de lección	Curso/Materia	
Título de la lección	Hora y duración	

B: Tema(s) & estrategias S&G

	Grandes ideas
Tema(s) de la	
lección	
Preguntas	
esenciales	

C: Estándares específicos

Cuando enseñes en español, usa los estándares en español (<u>SLA</u> y <u>SLD</u> en lugar de los estándares ELA y ELD). Cuando disponibles, usa los estándares de contenido en español (p.ej., matemáticas K-9 <u>Math Español</u>)

Estándar(es)	
del Contenido	
Estándar(es) de lecto-	
escritura Common	
Core en español	
(SLA)	
Estándar(es) del	
desarrollo del	
lenguaje en español	
<u>(SLD)</u>	
Learning for Justice	
Estándar(es) de	
justicia social	

D: Objetivos

	Objetivos (EVAP) Estudiantes van a poder	Evaluación	
		Herramientas para	Criterios de
		evaluación	evaluación
Objetivo(s) de			
contenido			
Objetivo(s) de			
lenguaje y lecto-			
escritura			

Objetivo(s) anti-		
racismo(s) y de		
justicia social (vea		
estrategias de Sleeter		
& Grant: HR, SGS,		
MCE, MCSJE)		

E: Exigencias y apoyos lingüísticos

	Exigencias de idioma	Apoyos de lenguaje planificados
	identificadas en español	
Vocabulario		
específico del		
contenido		
Función del		
idioma		
Sintaxis		
Discurso		
Conexiones entre	Similitudes y diferencias entre	¿Cómo harás explícitas las conexiones
las exigencias que	idiomas	entre idiomas, brindar oportunidades para
identificaste en		explorar las similitudes y diferencias, y/o
español y las de		reducir interferencia entre idiomas?
inglés		
<u>Ejemplos y</u>		
<u>recursos</u>		

F: Usar tu conocimiento sobre los estudiantes para informar la enseñanza y el aprendizaje

	Información relevante acerca de los estudiantes	¿Cómo utilizarás esta información en esta lección?
Conocimientos		
previos y		
experiencias de		
aprendizaje		
Fondos de		
conocimiento:		
recursos		
familiares/		
comunitarios/		
culturales (EB,		
LGBTQ+, etc.)		
Errores y/o		
malentendidos		
comunes		
Consideraciónes		
sociales/emocional		
es		

Materiales,	Materiales y recursos del	Materiales para los estudiantes:
recursos, y	maestro/a:	
tecnología		
	Información acerca de los	¿Cómo apoyarás y/o te acomodarás a
	estudiantes	los estudiantes en esta lección? Incluir
	estudiantes	cualquier uso de la tecnología.
Estudiantes con		
IEP o plan 504		
Estudiantes con		
dificultades/bajo		
rendimiento		
Estudiantes que		
están aprendiendo		
inglés/español		
Estudiantes		
dotados y		
talentosos		
Otro(s)		

G: Apoyo a la variedad de necesidades de aprendizaje de los estudiantes

Sección 2: Implementación de actividades de aprendizaje:

Ritmo (pacing), materiales y otras notas de	Ritmo (horas aproxi	LO QUE HACE EL/LA MAESTRO/A: Indica estrategias de	LO QUE HACEN LOS ESTUDIANTES: Indica las expectativas de
procedimiento,	madas)	instrucción que abordan	desempeño (consulta la Sección
incluyendo el uso		las necesidades de	1.F)
de tecnología		aprendizaje individuales	
		(consulta la Sección 1.F)	
Inicio de la lección		Yo	Los estudiantes van a poder
(Launch)			(EVAP)
(múltiples medios			
de involucrar a los			
estudiantes)			
Instrucción/		Yo	EVAP
Aplicación			
(múltiples medios			
de representación)			
Evaluación, cierre,		Yo	EVAP
reflexión			
(múltiples medios			
de expresión)			

Sección 3: Reflexión del maestro/a (después de la lección)

- 1. ¿Qué ejemplos específicos de aprendizaje de los estudiantes tienes que muestren que los estudiantes lograron o progresaron hacia los objetivos establecidos? Si utilizaste la tecnología, ¿fue un medio eficaz para respaldar sus objetivos de aprendizaje?
 - a. Al observar esta evidencia, ¿cuáles fueron las acciones y/o estrategias (del maestro) que contribuyeron al aprendizaje exitoso de los estudiantes?
- 2. ¿Qué ejemplos específicos de aprendizaje de los estudiantes tienes que muestren que los estudiantes tuvieron dificultades para cumplir o progresar hacia los objetivos establecidos?
 - a. Al observar esta evidencia, ¿cuáles fueron las acciones y/o estrategias (del maestro) que interfirieron con el aprendizaje de los estudiantes? Describe las oportunidades perdidas.
- 3. ¿Qué ejemplos específicos tienes del uso/desarrollo del español por parte de los estudiantes?
 - a. ¿Qué conexiones hicieron los estudiantes entre los diferentes dominios del lenguaje (escuchar, hablar, leer y / o escribir)?
 - b. ¿Qué ejemplos notaste de las conexiones que hicieron los estudiantes entre español e inglés?
 - c. ¿Qué elementos de la lección o del ambiente los ayudó a hacer esas conexiones (preguntas, comparaciones, ejemplos, discusiones, etc.)?
- 4. Usando la evidencia descrita arriba, ¿cuáles serán tus próximos pasos de instrucción en la futura con la clase, en grupos pequeños y/o con estudiantes individuales?
- 5. Considerando toda la evidencia arriba, ¿qué cambios harías en tu instrucción si pudieras ensenarla de nuevo?

EVALUATION OF TEACHER CANDIDATE

Candidates are monitored carefully throughout their credential program to ensure that they are making adequate progress toward meeting the program standards and all other performance standards. Evaluation of candidate development occurs using formative assessments (those done at key transition points which are used to provide feedback to candidates and program faculty) and summative assessments (those that culminate the program and are used to determine whether a candidate can be recommended for a credential).

Overall, a comprehensive set of artifacts and evidence that teacher candidates produce are assessed and aggregated to produce a final decision about their attainment of the applicable performance standards and their suitability for a credential recommendation. There are many opportunities for candidates to demonstrate what they know and can do; correspondingly, they will be evaluated at many points as they complete the program requirements. While this may seem like many assessments, this kind of continuous assessment provides candidates with multiple opportunities to understand how their performance is meeting standards and where they can make specific improvements. Moreover, our instructors and supervisors are conscientious in providing them with clear and timely feedback, especially at key transition points, so that they have a good sense of the rate of progress they are making towards the credential program expectations.

Formative Assessments: Candidates are assessed in a formative manner throughout the program. There are key assessments (lesson plans, reflections, field experience final evaluation, student teaching midterm, etc.) that are used to inform the faculty about a candidate's progress and should be used by the candidate to self-assess. These are formative because the data they generate should be used to shape the candidate's next steps, acknowledging strengths and identifying areas for growth. Formative assessments also identify areas of strengths and weaknesses, but the results are used for formal decisions – ability to proceed to the next semester, solo teaching weeks, etc.

Summative Assessments: Our program uses two primary summative assessments: the edTPA Teaching Event in the appropriate content area and the evaluation of the final semester of student teaching. Summative assessments also identify areas of strengths and weaknesses, but the results are used for formal decisions – recommendation for a credential.

<u>edTPA</u>: A Brief Overview: In 1998, the Senate passed SB2042, comprehensive legislation that established new program standards for teacher preparation programs throughout the state. This legislation charted a new vision for teacher development in our state – from subject matter preparation (at the undergraduate level) through pedagogical preparation (in credential programs) through the first two years of professional practice (through induction programs). Through SB2042 and subsequent legislation (e.g., SB1209), the Legislature and its attendant bodies, like the CTC, have sought to bring coherence to preservice and in-service teacher preparation and development in our state. One strategy for bringing this vision to reality is through the assessment process. SB2042 established the Teaching Performance Expectations (TPEs), a set of candidate outcomes that are meant to guide program content and experiences. Each teacher preparation program is mandated to implement a Teaching Performance Assessment where attainment of the TPEs is measured for each candidate. The TPEs (revised in June 2016) map directly onto the California Standards for the Teaching Profession (CSTPs), which outline 6 domains of performance for in-service teachers. The CSTPs guide the induction programs that all new inservice teachers complete, and in many districts, they are also the basis for in-service teacher evaluation.

Stanford University and the American Association of Colleges for Teacher Education (AACTE) formed a

partnership to develop and share edTPA, formerly the Teacher Performance Assessment. edTPA is a multiple-measure assessment system aligned to state and national standards. The edTPA was designed by Stanford University faculty and staff at the Stanford Center for Assessment, Learning, and Equity (SCALE). They received substantive advice and feedback from teachers and teacher educators and drew from experience gained over 25 years of developing performance-based assessments of teaching (including the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards and the Performance Assessment for California Teachers). More than 1,000 educators from 29 states and the District of Columbia and more than 450 institutions of higher learning helped develop, pilot, refine and field test edTPA.

The Single Subject Teacher Preparation Program provides candidates with structured opportunities to understand the requirements of the edTPA and to practice and receive feedback on specific tasks. In select courses (e.g., EDSS365, EDSS364, EDSS366), candidates complete assignments that use prompts and scoring rubrics modeled after those of the edTPA. Finally, in EDSS266 (Seminar), taken in the final semester of the program, candidates work within a professional learning community to complete the elements of their edTPA Teaching Event. In EDSS266, candidates also learn about the various policies and procedures associated with the edTPA, particularly those related to appropriate permissions, integrity of the candidate's submission, and scoring protocols.

Candidates complete edTPA at a cost of approximately \$300. It is designed so that candidates can display knowledge of students, curriculum and content, effective instructional strategies, appropriate assessment tools, and reflection strategies. The tasks are based on the PIARA cycle – Plan, Instruct, Assess, Reflect, Apply and address students' Academic Language Development. Candidates will be enrolled in an edTPA support class.

Midterm Evaluations, Final Evaluations, and Grading: The university supervisor and the cooperating teacher complete formal evaluations for each candidate, using the program's evaluation tool, which is aligned to the TPEs and other key research about effective teaching. The candidate also completes a selfevaluation; this process provides a valuable opportunity for reflection and setting professional goals. The university supervisor typically provides the timeline for the evaluation and will support the CT and the TC in completing this process. The evaluations, particularly the final evaluation during the field experience semester and the midterm during the student teacher semester, serve as a critical benchmark for providing specific feedback to the candidate and informing any special arrangements if the candidate is experiencing difficulty in meeting competencies. If there is concern that a teacher candidate is not meeting competencies in a timely fashion, a Statement of Concern, accompanied by a Performance Contract, should be completed. All evaluations should be based on evidence of the teacher candidate's performance in relation to each of the competencies; such evidence can take the form of direct observation of teaching as well as artifacts related to the candidate's teaching (lesson plans, reflections, group meetings, discussions, self-evaluations, Teacher Candidate Binder [which includes, "Evidence of Competencies"], etc.). The university supervisor, after consultation with the cooperating teacher, recommends a grade of either credit (CR) or no credit (NC). If a grade of no credit is assigned, the supervisor reviews the supporting evidence with the cooperating teacher and the Field Coordinator to determine whether the candidate will receive an opportunity to repeat the experience or if the grade is a No Credit with no opportunity to repeat which disgualifies the candidate from continuing in the program. Those who are assigned "No Credit/No Repeat" may appeal this decision through the Credential Appeals process (explained in the Policies and Procedures Handbook available on the College of Education website).

TEACHER CANDIDATE SUPPORT

Teacher Candidates who are having difficulty need to be <u>informed in writing</u> of the areas of improvement needed and given specific suggestions and a timeline for improvement. A Statement of Concern/Performance Contract (see below) should be completed by the CT and US (jointly is best so that information is consistent) if a Teacher Candidate is struggling beyond the norm. <u>The Statement of Concern/Performance Contract must be discussed, dated, and signed by the Teacher Candidate, the CT, and the US with copies provided to each party.</u> The document is then submitted to the Department Chair for review.

It is important to document concerns early. Teacher Candidates need time to remediate and implement suggestions in the Statement of Concern/Performance Contract. <u>Thus, the Statement of Concern/Performance Contract should be seen as a proactive rather than a punitive step.</u>

At the first sign of concern for your Teacher Candidate, begin the documentation process using the following steps:

- 1. DOCUMENT the concern in writing and communicate it to the Teacher Candidate with a discussion of strategies for potential improvement and a timeline for implementing the strategies.
- 2. DISCUSS the concern(s) with the supervisor.
- 3. IF THE CONCERN IS NOT CORRECTED WITHIN THE TIMEFRAME INDICATED IN STEP 1, a <u>Statement of Concern/Performance Contract</u> should be jointly developed with the university supervisor (US). Conferencing with all parties involved should be a part of this process. The US should monitor the Teacher Candidate's implementation of the Performance Contract.

The Statement of Concern provides a format for highlighting weaknesses and areas for improvement. The Performance Contract articulates action steps that need to be taken. The Statement of Concern/Performance Contract process is a proactive process designed to alert teacher candidates to challenges that, if ignored, could cause delays in the teacher candidate's progress through the program. The process is initiated with the assumption that teacher candidates will use this formal process of constructive feedback and explicit coaching to correct behaviors and weaknesses, because they desire to be the most effective educator they can be. Any documentation related to candidate performance, including the Statement of Concern/Performance Contract, should be provided to the teacher candidate, with duplicates given to the appropriate parties (for coursework: the course instructor and for field experience/student teaching: the supervisor and cooperating teacher). All Statements of Concern/Performance Contracts are ultimately submitted to the Department Chair for review, signature, and submission to the candidate's e-file.

Termination of field experience/student teaching prior to the end of the semester. Depending on the individual circumstances, field experience/student teaching may need to be terminated prior to the end of the semester. Termination of either experience may include either removal from the placement altogether (with a grade of NC being assigned if the removal occurs during the grading period or with an impending grade of NC being assigned should the removal occur prior to the grading period) or removal from assigned duties, but with approval to remain in the classroom to observe and participate in a limited fashion (generally also with a grade or impending grade of NC being assigned). Sacramento State candidates are guests at the school site. Therefore, if a site level administrator (usually the principal) asks that a teacher candidate be removed from the school site, they will be removed. Please note that when a

student teaching experience is terminated prior to the end of the semester, this may also affect the teacher candidate's ability to complete coursework, especially if specific course assignments require a field placement site for completion.

Possible reasons why a Teacher Candidate's placement might be terminated prior to the end of the semester include the following:

- Violation of any article of the <u>university student conduct code policy</u>.
- Violation of the conduct code for guest teachers in effect for the teacher candidate's student teaching school site and host district. (It is the teacher candidate's responsibility to obtain information about this conduct code and abide by it).
- Any action by the teacher candidate that is deemed by the cooperating teacher and/or university supervisor to be a threat to the safety and well-being of children/ adolescents at the school site. Action could include: 1) inattentiveness (on cell phone rather than observing students), 2) completing coursework rather than working with students, etc., 3) frequent absences or lateness (which can impact student learning), 4) reporting to duty while under the influence of drugs or alcohol, etc.
- In some cases, teacher candidate actions that take place not on the school site (e.g., in an on-line or virtual environment, at a community event sponsored by the school, etc.) may be deemed inappropriate or a threat to the safety and well-being of children/adolescents associated with that teacher candidate's placement.

Disruptive or unprofessional behavior including such actions as:

- Repeated rejection of the authority of the cooperating teacher, school administrators, or university supervisor; violations of student or teacher confidentiality; inappropriate use of social media and other online communication protocols/venues (see below); continued unprofessional dress and/or speech; continued unexcused absences (e.g., unrelated to excused absences caused by medical issues); tardiness, lack of preparation, lack of effort, etc.
- Breakdown in communication and mentoring relationship between the cooperating teacher and candidate and/or university supervisor and candidate due to candidate rejection of constructive criticism, inability to implement suggestions in a timely and consistent manner, and/or unprofessional behavior.

Slow progress towards competencies such that the classroom learning environment is compromised, which may or may not be coupled with breakdown in mentoring relationship, or disruptive/unprofessional behavior. More information about Sacramento State University's policy on disruptive behavior can be found <u>here.</u>

SOCIAL NETWORKS

As representatives of the Sacramento State Teaching Credentials Program, teacher candidates should remember that they are held to a high standard of behavior and integrity. This includes any activities conducted on any social networking websites (e.g., Facebook, YouTube, Snapchat, Twitter, Flickr) or any other online site (e.g., webshots.com). **Teacher Candidates:** Please keep in mind the following guidelines as you participate on social networking websites:

- 1. **Before** participating in any online community, understand that anything posted online is available to anyone in the world.
- 2. **Do not** post your home address, local address, phone number(s), birth date, or other personal information (e.g., class schedule, social plans).
- **3. Do not** post any information that would violate CSUS' or your district's codes of conduct and/or state or federal laws.
- 4. **Do not** post any information, photos, or other items online that could embarrass you, your family, your cohort, the credential program, CSUS, or your school site/district. This includes, but is not limited to information, photos, quotes, and other items that may be tagged to you from another user.
- 5. **Do not** post or link to information or content that could cause harm to or disrupt the learning of any of your students.
- 6. If you discover any inappropriate information posted by any credential candidate, you will immediately contact the Department Chair.

Social networking websites may be regularly monitored by a number of sources within Sacramento State (e.g., Department of Teaching Credentials, Student Affairs, University Police) as well as sources outside of Sacramento State (e.g., potential employers). In addition to potential employers, an increasing number of graduate programs and scholarship committees also search these sites to screen candidates.

Sacramento State teacher candidates should be very careful when using online social networking sites and keep in mind that sanctions may be imposed if these sites are used improperly or depict inappropriate, illegal, unethical, embarrassing, or dangerous behaviors. Those sanctions can include but are not limited to reprimand and/or dismissal from the program.

NOTE: In some cases, progress toward meeting student teaching competencies in a specific semester is such that, in the professional opinion of the CT and University Supervisor, the teacher candidate will not be able to successfully complete the requirements related to independent teaching (e.g., implementing the edTPA) and in fact, attempting the solo will lead to classroom disruption and interrupted learning by students in the placement classroom. In these cases, the recommendation may be to suspend taking on new teaching duties, defer attempting the independent teaching, but continue observation and participation in the classroom so that the candidate can continue to make progress. A grade of No Credit (NC) will be assigned; the university supervisor will determine whether the evidence warrants an opportunity to repeat the experience (see below for additional information).

Reassignment of Candidates. Candidates will not be reassigned to another school after six (6) weeks of the semester have elapsed, except under unusual and compelling circumstances. Prior to six weeks, reassignment to another classroom <u>may</u> be arranged *with strong justification.* That request must be initiated through the University Supervisor to the Field Coordinator.

A No Credit Grade in Field Experience. A "No Credit" (or impending grade of "NC") in **any** field experience course (e.g., field experience, student teaching) means a student may not

continue with any portion of the Teacher Preparation Program unless recommended for continuation by the University Supervisor. When a candidate is assigned a grade of "No Credit" (or will be assigned a grade of "No Credit" during the grading period), the University Supervisor reviews the evidence to determine whether the candidate has an option to repeat or not. If the option to repeat is granted, the candidate may enroll in the subsequent semester in order to repeat this experience. If the option to repeat is not granted, the candidate is effectively dismissed from the program. S/he must submit an appeal to the Credential Appeals Committee, which will make the decision about continuation in the program. Details related to the discontinuation process and the Credential Appeals Committee are available from the Student Success Center staff.

STATEMENT OF CONCERN TEACHING CREDENTIALS COLLEGE of EDUCATION

FIELDWORK

The Statement of Concern is designed to clearly identify issues that may prevent a Candidate from successfully completing a credential program. This statement is accompanied by a Performance Contract that provides guidelines for the Candidate to address the identified issue(s).

Your development as a professional educator and effective teacher for students is our primary focus. This Statement of Concern has been issued because concerns have arisen regarding performance in the field. Outlined below, these concerns as related to the TPE's present behaviors that can be indicative of your performance as a teacher in a school setting.

Candidate: Date SOC issued: Credential Program:

DESCRIPTION of CANDIDATE PERFORMANCE

(If needed, add additional rows)

Required Signature:

I acknowledge receipt of this Statement of Concern.

Candidate:_____

Date:

PERFORMANCE CONTRACT for FIELDWORK

Candidate: Date Performance Contract Issued: Credential Program: Student Teaching/Field Experience:

The following plan is a performance contract stipulating specific actions that must be completed by the Candidate. The signatures verify that the Candidate and others monitoring the contract agree to the performance standards specified and the timeline provided. The following timeline supersedes any prior calendar or timeline.

TIMELINE By	PERFORMANCE BENCHMARK The Candidate will	TPE STANDARD ADDRESSED

(If needed, add additional rows)

Should the stipulations in this contract not be met, the following consequences will result: If the timeline and performance benchmarks described above are not met, the Candidate will be <u>subject to disqualification</u> from the program.

Required Signatures:

I acknowledge receipt of this Performance Contract. I agree to meet the timeline and performance benchmarks described above:

Candidate:	Date:
I am in agreement with the Performance Contract. Cooperating Teacher/Supervisor:	Date:
I am in agreement with the Performance Contract. Field Coordinator:	Date:
I am in agreement with the Performance Contract. Program Coordinator/Branch Chair :	Date:

TEACHER CANDIDATE EVALUATION SIGNATURE PAGE

The Teacher Candidate Evaluation Signature Page serves as formal documentation of the TC's progress and success each semester. It is initially completed by the US and then signed by the TC, CT, and US before the end of each semester. Completed and signed signature pages are sent to the Placement Support Coordinator, Andrew Hanzlik, at <u>andrew.hanzlik@csus.edu</u> by the US before the end of each semester.

TEACHING PERFORMANCE EXPECTATIONS (TPEs) Aligned with the California Standards for the Teaching Profession

Introduction

The <u>Teaching Performance Expectations (TPEs)</u> comprise the body of knowledge, skills, and abilities that beginning general education teachers have the opportunity to learn in approved teacher preparation programs in California. Beginning teachers demonstrate their knowledge of the TPEs by successfully completing course work, engaging in clinical practice, and passing a Teaching Performance Assessment (TPA) based on the TPEs. Beginning teachers must meet these requirements prior to being recommended for a preliminary teaching credential in California. TPEs guide teacher preparation program development; candidate competency with respect to the TPEs is measured through the TPA.

The TPEs are research-based and aligned to national teaching standards expectations. They link to expectations set forth in California's adopted content standards for students. They require beginning teachers to demonstrate the knowledge, skills, and abilities to provide safe, healthy, and supportive learning environments to meet the needs of each and every student and to model digital literacy and ethical digital citizenship. In addition, the TPEs explicitly require beginning teachers to know and be able to apply pedagogical theories, principles, and instructional practices for the comprehensive instruction of English learners. They know and can apply theories, principles, and instructional practices for English Language Development to assist students to achieve literacy in English within the content area(s) of their credential(s). They create inclusive learning environments, in person or online, and use their understanding of all students' developmental levels to provide effective instruction and assessment for all students, including students with disabilities in the general education classroom.

The TPEs are directly and purposely aligned to the California Standards for the Teaching Profession (CSTP) that guide California's teacher induction programs and ongoing teacher development in California. This direct alignment signals to beginning teachers, preparers of beginning teachers, and those who support and mentor teachers in their first years of employment the importance of connecting initial teacher preparation with ongoing support and development of teaching practice in the induction years and beyond.

The TPEs are organized by the six CSTP domains. Detail about expectations for beginning teacher knowledge and performance is provided through TPE elements and narratives within each of the six CSTP Domains:

- Engaging and Supporting All Students in Learning
- Creating and Maintaining Effective Environments for Student Learning
- Understanding and Organizing Subject Matter for Student Learning
- Planning Instruction and Designing Learning Experiences for All Students
- Assessing Student Learning
- Developing as a Professional Educator

Throughout this set of TPEs, reference is made to "all students" or "all TK-12 students." This phrase is intended as a widely inclusive term that references all students attending public

schools. Students may exhibit a wide range of learning and behavioral characteristics, as well as disabilities, dyslexia, intellectual or academic advancement, and differences based on ethnicity, race, socioeconomic status, gender, gender identity, sexual orientation, language, religion, and/or geographic origin. The range of students in California public schools also includes students whose first language is English, English learners, and Standard English learners. This inclusive definition of "all students" applies whenever and wherever the phrase "all students" is used in the TPEs.

While we understand that each candidate is developing competence in the TPEs, basic operationalization of the TPEs, even if at a novice level, is expected from the beginning. Failure to make reasonable efforts (as constituted by regular class attendance, compliance with guidelines for field experience and student teaching, implementation of feedback and suggestions, etc.) to implement the TPEs could be reason for dismissal from the program. This is especially true for professional obligations that protect the privacy, health, and safety of students, families, and other school professionals.

SINGLE SUBJECT TEACHING CREDENTIALS FIELD HANDBOOK SIGNATURE PAGE COLLEGE of EDUCATION

Teacher Candidates: please acknowledge that you have read and reviewed this SS Field Handbook by electronically signing this signature page; once signed, it will get submitted online in TaskStream in the EdTech course at the beginning of the fall semester.

For any questions, please contact the Single Subject Field Coordinator at: <u>petebenitti@csus.edu</u>

Signature:_____

Date:_____