

Math 12 – Workshop #13

1. Find all values of the variable for which the rational expression is undefined

(a) $\frac{1}{x}$

(d) $\frac{2x}{(x-1)(x-2)}$

(b) $\frac{1}{x-1}$

(e) $\frac{2x+1}{5x-1}$

(c) $\frac{x-1}{x-1}$

(f) $\frac{3-2x}{3x^2+4x+1}$

2. Pick numbers a and b to show the following cancellation is not valid

$$\frac{\cancel{2}a + b}{\cancel{a}} = 2 + b$$

3. Pick an x to show the following cancellation is not valid

$$\frac{3(\cancel{x-2}) + 5}{(\cancel{x-2})} = 3 + 5$$

4. Simplify the following rational expressions, assume no denominators are zero

(a) $\frac{(2x+1) - (2x-2)}{3 \cdot (2x+1)}$

(c) $\frac{x^2 + 4x + 3}{x^2 - 4x - 21}$

(b) $\frac{(x+2)}{4x+8}$

(d) $\frac{a^2 + b^2}{a + b}$

5. Perform the operation and simplify, assume no denominators are zero

(a) $(x^2 + 6x + 8) \cdot \left(\frac{x^2 - x - 12}{x^2 - 16}\right)$

(c) $\left(\frac{3x^2 + 5x - 2}{12x^2 - 13x + 3}\right) \div \left(\frac{x^2 + 3x + 2}{4x^2 + 5x - 6}\right)$

(b) $\left(\frac{x^3 + 2x^2 - x - 2}{x^2 + 5x + 6}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{x^2 - 2x - 15}{x^2 - 6x + 5}\right)$

(d) $\frac{2x^2 + 5x - 3}{x^2 + 2x - 3} \div \left(\frac{2x^2 - 5x + 2}{x^2 - 9x + 14} \cdot \frac{x^2 + 2x - 35}{x^2 - 6x + 5}\right)$

6. Find the least common multiple of the following pairs

(a) 12 and 16

(d) $x^4y^2z^5$ and wxy^3z^4

(b) $9x^3$ and $3x^4$

(c) $x - 3$ and $x^2 - 9$

(e) $2x^3 + 6x^2$ and $x^2 + 3x$

7. Pick numbers a and b to show the following equality is not valid

$$\frac{a}{b} = \frac{a^2}{b^2}$$

8. Add or subtract the fractions and simplify

(a) $\frac{2}{5} + \frac{6}{25}$

(b) $\frac{2}{15} + \frac{3}{9}$

$$(c) \frac{1}{9} - \frac{1}{6}$$

$$(d) \frac{1}{9} - \frac{1}{6a}$$

$$(e) \frac{3}{2a^2} + \frac{1}{4a}$$

$$(f) \frac{a}{b} + \frac{c}{d}$$

$$(g) \frac{2x}{x+1} - \frac{3}{3x-2}$$

$$(h) \frac{3}{x+1} - \frac{2}{x-1} + \frac{x+3}{x^2-1}$$

9. Simplify

$$\frac{2+4x}{x^2-25} + \frac{x}{x^2+2x-35} + \frac{2x}{(x-5)(x^2+12x+35)}$$

10. Simplify the following, assume no denominators are zero

$$(a) \frac{(x+2)^2 - 8x}{(x-2)}$$

$$(b) \left(\frac{1}{x+2} - \frac{1}{x-2} \right)^2$$

$$(c) \left(2 + \frac{4x}{x^2-1} - \frac{2}{x-1} \right) \cdot \left(\frac{x^2+2x-3}{2x^2+4x} \right)$$

$$(d) \left(\frac{x}{x^2-6x+8} \right) \div \left(x+2 + \frac{4}{x-2} \right)$$

$$(e) \left(\frac{x}{x-1} - \frac{x+1}{2x-2} + x \right) \div \left(\frac{2x^2+x}{2x} \right)$$