

Stat 50 – Worksheet #13: The Geometric and Hypergeometric Distributions, Part II

1. Suppose a bowl contains 2 blue and 8 red balls. Balls are randomly selected **with replacement** until the first blue ball is drawn. Let X = the draw on which the first blue ball occurs.
 - (a) What is the probability the first blue ball is drawn on the 3rd draw?
 - (b) What is the probability it takes 5 or more draws to get the first blue ball?
 - (c) Write a formula for $P(X = x)$. Be sure to specify the values of X for which the formula is valid.
 - (d) On average, how many draws will it take to obtain the first blue ball?
2. A coin is biased so that the probability of heads is 0.6. Suppose the coin is tossed until the second heads occurs.
 - (a) Suppose the second heads occurs on the 4th toss. Write out all possible outcomes in this event. For example, HTTH is one outcome, write out two other outcomes.
 - (b) Let X = the toss on which the 2nd heads occurs. Compute $P(X = 4)$ by summing the probabilities of all the three outcomes in 2a.
 - (c) List all the outcomes in the event $X = 6$. Two outcomes are HTTTTH and THTTTT. Find $P(X = 6)$.
 - (d) Use the reasoning from the last two parts to derive a formula for $P(X = k)$ where $k = 2, 3, 4, \dots$
 - (e) Why does k start at 2 in the last part?