Math 29
PAL Worksheet 19

1. Suppose $\theta$ is an angle in standard position and the measure of $\theta$ (in radians) is given. In which quadrant does the terminal side of $\theta$ lie? (Quadrants are numbered counterclockwise, I, II, III, IV.)
a. $\frac{35}{6} \pi$
b. 65
c. $-\frac{77}{18} \pi$
d. -172

2. Find an angle between 0 and $2 \pi$ that is coterminal with an angle whose radian measure is given.
a. $\frac{31 \pi}{7}$
b. $-\frac{28 \pi}{5}$
c. $\frac{123 \pi}{16}$
3. Find an angle between $-2 \pi$ and 0 that is coterminal with an angle whose radian measure is given.
a. $\frac{3 \pi}{7}$
b. $-\frac{17 \pi}{5}$
c. $-\frac{13 \pi}{6}$
4. Find three angles with positive radian measure that are coterminal with an angle whose radian measure is $\frac{\pi}{6}$.
5. Find three angles with negative radian measure that are coterminal with an angle whose radian measure is $\frac{\pi}{6}$.
6. An angle of radian measure $x$ is shown in the picture on the unit circle.


On each of the unit circles provided, draw an angle whose radian measure is given.







