1. Which of the following give measures of coterminal angles?

a. 
$$\frac{7\pi}{13}$$

b. 
$$-\frac{20\pi}{13}$$

c. 
$$-\frac{35\pi}{13}$$

d. 
$$\frac{6\pi}{13}$$

e. 
$$\frac{22\pi}{13}$$

f. 
$$-\frac{19\pi}{13}$$

g. 
$$-\frac{30\pi}{13}$$

h. 
$$\frac{32\pi}{13}$$

i. 
$$-\frac{9\pi}{13}$$

2. Suppose that  $0 \le \alpha \le \pi$ .

a. Find an expression for an angle between  $2\pi$  and  $3\pi$  that is coterminal with  $\alpha$ .

b. Find an expression for an angle between  $-\pi$  and  $-2\pi$  that is coterminal with  $\alpha$ .

c. Find an expression for an angle between  $4\pi$  and  $5\pi$  that is coterminal with  $\alpha$ .

3. Suppose that  $-\pi \leq \beta \leq 0$ ,

a. Find an expression for an angle between  $3\pi$  and  $4\pi$  that is coterminal with  $\beta$ .

b. Find an expression for an angle between  $-2\pi$  and  $-3\pi$  that is coterminal with  $\beta$ .

c. Find an expression for an angle between  $5\pi$  and  $6\pi$  that is coterminal with  $\beta$ .

4. Find an angle between 0 and  $2\pi$  whose terminal side intersects the unit circle at:

a. 
$$\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$$

a. 
$$\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$$
 b.  $\left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}\right)$  c.  $\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$  d.  $\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right)$ 

c. 
$$\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$$

d. 
$$\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$e. \left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right)$$

e. 
$$\left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right)$$
 f.  $\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$  g.  $\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$  h.  $\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}\right)$ 

g. 
$$\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$$

h. 
$$\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}\right)$$

i. 
$$\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}, -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)$$

i. 
$$\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}, -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)$$
 j.  $\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}, -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)$  k.  $\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)$  l.  $\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)$ 

k. 
$$\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)$$

l. 
$$\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)$$

- 5. Find the exact value of each of the following without the aid of a calculator.
  - a.  $\cos\left(\frac{17\pi}{4}\right)$
  - b.  $\sin\left(-\frac{19\pi}{4}\right)$
  - c.  $\tan\left(\frac{29}{3}\pi\right)$
- 6. Find all the values of x which solve each equation:
  - a.  $\cos x = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$
  - b.  $\sin x = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$
  - c.  $\sin x = 0$
  - $d. \tan x = -1$