

## Part II Section 5 Practice Problems

A. The table below shows 200 shirts in terms of colors and size. (All answers in percentage and round in 2 decimal)

	Blue	Red	White
Large	50	40	20
Small	40	20	30

If one shirt is randomly selected then find the following probability that

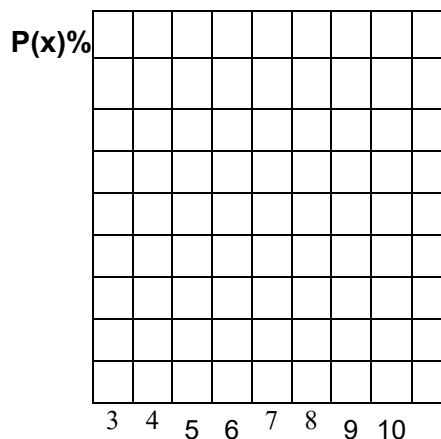
- 1) It is red or small Ans: 65%
  - 2) It is white or large Ans: 70%
  - 3) It is white or blue Ans: 70%
  - 4) It is red or white or large Ans: 80%
  - 5) If two shirts are randomly selected then find the probability that both shirts are small. Ans: 20.13%
  - 6) If two shirts are randomly selected then find the probability that both shirts are nonwhite. Ans: 56.16%
- All solutions on page 3.

B.

- b) From a deck of 52 cards, If we draw one card at random, then what is the probability that it is Ace or Red?  
Ans: 53.84 %
- a) From a deck of 52 cards, If we draw one card at random, then what is the probability that it is Ace or King?  
Ans: 15.39

C. Let Random Variable X = the number of digital camcorders sold in a given day at an electronic store.

B			
x	f		
3	8		
4	11		
5	14		
6	19		
7	20		
8	12		
9	9		
10	7		
		1.00 = ?	
Mean = 6.39			



- Complete the table, draw probability distribution (Answers/P.16) and find the probability that,

1. At least there will be 7 camcorders sold in a given day. Ans: 48 %
2. At most there will be 8 camcorders sold in a given day. Ans: 84 %
3. Find the mean of number of camcorders sold in a given day. Mean = 6.39

C. A \$0.5 slot machine in a casino has a winning prize of \$10 for each play with winning probability 1/100. What are the expected results for the players and the house each time the game is played. How much will be the expected to generate revenue if a typical casino has 100 slot machines and each slot machine is played 1000 times a day and 360 days Ans: \$142,200 per year.

## Counting

- 1) If a password should consist of 2 letters first and 3 digits after, then how many different passwords are possible? 1) **676,000**
- 2) If a password should consist of non-repeating of 2 letters first and non-repeating 3 digits after, then how many different passwords are possible? 2) **468,000**
- 3) How many different 3-letter words can be written ending with vowels (a,e,i,o,u)? 3) **3,380**  

\_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_
- 4) How many different 3-letter words can be written not ending with vowels (a,e,i,o,u)? 4) **14,196**  

\_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_
- 5) How many different 3-digits odd number can be written by using 0,2,1,3,7,8 digits? 5) **90**  

\_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_
- 6) How many different 3-letter words can be written ending with letters (e, n, d)? 6) **2,028**  

\_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_
- 7) How many different 3-digits even number can be written by using 0,2,1,3,7,8 digits? 7) **90**  

\_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_
- 8) In how many ways Joe can dress up, if he has 6 shirts, 7, pants, and 5 pair of shoes? 8) **210**  

\_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_
- 9) If a password should consist of non-repeating of 3 letters first and non-repeating 2 digits after, then how many different passwords are possible? 9) **1,404,000**  

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- 10) If a password should consist of 2 letters first and 2 digits after, then how many different passwords are possible? 10) **67,600**
- 11) How many different 3-letter words can be written ending with letters (a,c,e,t,o,p)? 11) **4,056**  

\_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_
- 12) How many different 3-digits even number divisible by 5 can be written by using 0,2,1,3,7,5,8 digits? 12) **42**  

\_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_
- 13) How many different 3-digits number divisible by 5 can be written by using 0,2,1,3,7,5,8 digits? 13) **84**  

\_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_
- 14) How many different area codes can we have? 14) **1000**  

\_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_

D. In

## Answers

	B	R	W	
L	50	40	20	<b>110</b>
S	40	20	30	<b>90</b>
	<b>90</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>200</b>

$$1) P(R \text{ or } S) = \frac{60}{200} + \frac{90}{200} - \frac{20}{200} = \frac{130}{200} = 65\% \quad 2) P(W \text{ or } L) = \frac{50}{200} + \frac{110}{200} - \frac{20}{200} = \frac{140}{200} = 70\%$$

$$3) P(W \text{ or } B) = \frac{50}{200} + \frac{90}{200} - \frac{0}{200} = \frac{140}{200} = 70\%$$

$$4) P(R \text{ or } W \text{ or } L) = \frac{60}{200} + \frac{50}{200} + \frac{110}{200} - \frac{0}{200} - \frac{40}{200} - \frac{20}{200} = \frac{160}{200} = 80\%$$

$$5) P(\text{both small}) = P(\text{first small and second small}) = \frac{90}{200} \cdot \frac{89}{199} = 20.1265\%$$

$$6) P(\text{both non white}) = P(\text{first non white and second non white}) = \frac{150}{200} \cdot \frac{149}{199} = 56.156\%$$

1) 65%      2) 70%      3) 70%      4) 80%      5) 20.13%      6) 56.16%

$$a) P(A \text{ or } R) = P(A) + P(R) - P(A \text{ and } R) = \frac{4}{52} + \frac{26}{52} - \frac{2}{52} = \frac{28}{52} = \frac{7}{13} = 53.84\%$$

$$b) P(A \text{ or } K) = P(A) + P(K) - P(A \text{ and } K) = \frac{4}{52} + \frac{4}{52} - \frac{0}{52} = \frac{8}{52} = \frac{2}{13} = 15.39\%$$

B				
x	f	P(x)%	x P(x)	X <sup>2</sup> P(x)
3	8	0.08	0.24	0.72
4	11	0.11	0.44	1.76
5	14	0.14	0.70	3.50
6	19	0.19	1.14	6.84
7	20	0.20	1.40	9.80
8	12	0.12	0.96	7.68
9	9	0.09	0.81	7.29
10	7	0.07	0.70	7.00
	100	1.00	<b>6.39</b>	44.59
<b>Mean = 6.39</b>			<b>St. Dev = 1.94</b>	

Outcome	x	p(x)	x p(x)
Win	\$10	1/100	\$.10
Lose	\$ -0.5	99/100	\$-.495
		$\sum p(x) = 1?$	$\sum xp(x) = \$ -.395$
(.395)(1000)(100)(360) = \$14,220,000			

## Counting

1) If a password should consist of 2 letters first and 3 digits after, then how many different passwords are possible? 2) **676,000**  
 $26 \times 26 \times 10 \times 10 \times 10 = 676,000$

2) If a password should consist of non-repeating of 2 letters first and non-repeating 3 digits after, then how many 1) **468,000**

different passwords are possible?

$$26 \times 25 \times 10 \times 9 \times 8 = \mathbf{468,000}$$

3) How many different 3-letter words can be written ending with vowels (a,e,i,o,u)?

3) **3,380**

$$26 \times 26 \times 5 = \mathbf{3,380}$$

4) How many different 3-letter words can be written not ending with vowels (a,e,i,o,u)?

4) **14,196**

$$26 \times 26 \times 21 = \mathbf{14,196}$$

5) How many different 3-digits odd number can be written by using 0,2,1,3,7,8 digits?

5) **90**

$$5 \times 6 \times 3 = \mathbf{90}$$

6) How many different 3-letter words can be written ending with letters (e, n, d)?

6) **2,028**

$$26 \times 26 \times 3 = \mathbf{2,028}$$

7) How many different 3-digits even number can be written by using 0,2,1,3,7,8 digits?

7) **60**

$$5 \times 6 \times 3 = \mathbf{90}$$

8) In how many ways Joe can dress up, if he has 6 shirts, 7, pants, and 5 pair of shoes?

8) **210**

$$6 \times 7 \times 5 = \mathbf{210}$$

9) If a password should consist of non-repeating of 3 letters first and non-repeating 2 digits after, then how many different passwords are possible?

9) **1,404,000**

$$26 \times 25 \times 24 \times 10 \times 9 = \mathbf{1,404,000}$$

10) If a password should consist of 2 letters first and 2 digits after, then how many different passwords are possible?

10) **67,600**

$$26 \times 26 \times 10 \times 10 = \mathbf{67,600}$$

11) How many different 3-letter words can be written ending with letters (a,c,e,t,o,p)?

11) **4,056**

$$26 \times 26 \times 6 = \mathbf{4,056}$$

12) How many different 3-digits even number divisible by 5 can be written by using 0,2,1,3,7,5,8 digits?

12) **42**

$$6 \times 7 \times 1 = \mathbf{42}$$

13) How many different 3-digits number divisible by 5 can be written by using 0,2,1,3,7,5,8 digits?

13) **84**

$$6 \times 7 \times 2 = \mathbf{82}$$

14) How many different area codes can we have?

14) **1000**

$$10 \times 10 \times 10 = \mathbf{1000}$$