

Occupation Report

Social and Community Service Managers

Sacramento-Roseville-Folsom, CA MSA

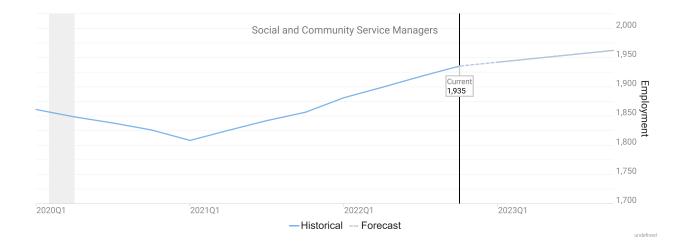


Dccupation Snapshot	3
mployment by Industry	4
Nages	5
Occupation Demographics	6
ducation Profile	7
Postsecondary Programs Linked to Social and Community Service Managers	8
RTI (Job Postings)	9
op Skill and Certification Gaps	13
Dccupation Gaps	14
Geographic Distribution	15
acramento-Roseville-Folsom, CA MSA Regional Map	17
Data Notes	
Region Definition	
-AQ	20



Occupation Snapshot

		Avg Mean		3-Year Empl	Annual	Forecast Ann
6-Digit Occupation	Empl	Wages	LQ	Change	Demand	Growth
Social and Community Service Managers	1,935	\$86,600	1.59	96	202	1.4%
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"Annual Demand" is the projected need for new entrants into an occupation. New entrants are needed due to expected growth and to replace workers who left the occupation due to factors such as retirement or switching careers.

"Forecast Ann Growth" is the expected change in jobs due to national, long-term trend projections (per the BLS) as well as local factors such as industry mix and population growth (as computed and modeled by Chmura).



Employment by Industry

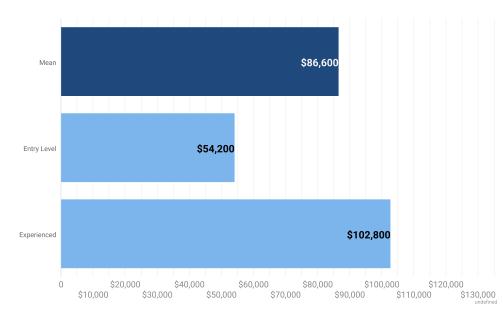
Industry Title	% of Occ Empl	Empl	10-Year Separations	10-Year Empl Growth	10-Year Total Demand
Individual and Family Services	32.0%	620	604	184	788
Executive, Legislative, and Other General Government Support	11.1%	215	186	3	189
Administration of Human Resource Programs	6.3%	121	104	1	105
Justice, Public Order, and Safety Activities	5.9%	114	100	4	103
Administration of Environmental Quality Programs	5.1%	99	85	0	85
Community Food and Housing, and Emergency and Other Relief Services	5.0%	97	90	18	108
Administration of Economic Programs	4.8%	93	80	0	79
Residential Intellectual and Developmental Disability, Mental Health, and Substance Abuse Facilities	3.6%	70	61	1	62
Vocational Rehabilitation Services	3.6%	70	65	12	77
Outpatient Care Centers	3.2%	63	59	14	73
Grantmaking and Giving Services	2.8%	54	49	7	56
Social Advocacy Organizations	2.5%	49	45	7	52
Continuing Care Retirement Communities and Assisted Living Facilities for the Elderly	1.9%	37	35	7	42
Management of Companies and Enterprises	1.4%	27	24	2	26
Religious Organizations	1.0%	19	17	3	20
General Medical and Surgical Hospitals	0.9%	18	16	2	18
Colleges, Universities, and Professional Schools	0.7%	14	13	2	15
Nursing Care Facilities (Skilled Nursing Facilities)	0.7%	14	12	0	12
Offices of Other Health Practitioners	0.6%	12	12	3	14
Civic and Social Organizations	0.6%	11	11	4	16
All Others	6.0%	116	106	15	121

The industry distribution indicates the industries in which workers in the occupation(s) are primarily found.

"10-Year Empl Growth" may show industries with positive as well as negative growth; this would indicate that the occupation(s) being examined are expected to expand within some industries while contracting in others.



Wages



Occupation	Mean	Median	Entry Level	Experienced
Social and Community Service Managers	\$86,600	\$78,500	\$54,200	\$102,800

Occupation wages here utilize BLS OEWS data, imputed and brought forward by Chmura.

When this report is run for an occupation group, the table above displays up to the top ten detailed occupations which have the highest average wages within the occupation group.



Occupation Demographics

Age				
17.1%		24.3%		7.4%
16 to 19 years (0.2%) 20 to 24 years (4.1%)	25 to 34 years (17.1%) 35 to 44 years (27.8%)	55 to 64	years (24.3%) years (19.1%) and over (7.4%)	
Race				
	69.6%	6.1	3% 12.3%	9.9%
White (69.6%) Black (6.8%)	American Indian (0.6%) Asian (12.3%)		lander (0.7%) Iore Races (9.9%)	
Ethnicity				
	85.4%			14.6%
Non-Hispanic/Latino (85.4%)		Hispanic or Latino (of any race) (14.6%)		
Gender				
33.1%		66.9%		
Male (33.1%)		Female (66.9%)		
Education and Training Requirements				
		0.0%		
Short-term OJT, no exp, no award (0.0%) Moderate-term OJT, no exp, no award (0.0%)	Long-term training, no exp, no Previous work experience, no	award (0.0%) Bachelor	gree or certificate (0.0%) 's degree (100.0%) uate degree (0.0%)	



Education Profile

Educational Attainment

4.9% 9.3% 5.7%	44.0%		29.7%	5.9%
< High School (0.6%)High School (4.9%)	Some College (9.3%) Two-Year (5.7%)		'ear (44.0%) r's (29.7%) 5.9%)	
Occupation		Typical Entry-Level Education	Previous Work Experience	Typical On-the- Job Training
Social and Community Ser	vice Managers	Bachelor's degree	Less than 5 years	None

) The stacked bar chart here illustrates the estimated mix of educational attainment of the workers in this occupation(s) in aggregate.

The table indicates typical education and training requirements rather than the mix of attainment of workers in such positions.



Postsecondary Programs Linked to Social and Community Service Managers

Program	Awards
American River College	
Business Administration and Management, General	294
Human Services, General	20
California State University-Sacramento	
Business Administration and Management, General	1,188
Social Work	310
Cosumnes River College	
Business Administration and Management, General	224
Folsom Lake College	
Business Administration and Management, General	176
Human Services, General	21
Sacramento City College	
Business Administration and Management, General	207
Sierra College	
Business Administration and Management, General	369
William Jessup University	
Business Administration and Management, General	139

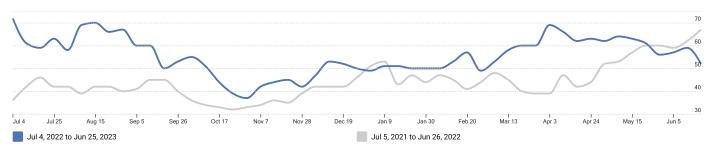
The number of graduates from postsecondary programs in the region identifies the pipeline of future workers as well as the training capacity to support industry demand.

Among postsecondary programs at schools located in the Sacramento-Roseville-Folsom, CA MSA, the sampling above identifies those most linked to Social and Community Service Managers. For a complete list see JobsEQ®, http://www.chmuraecon.com/jobseq



RTI (Job Postings)

Active Job Ads by Date



Online job ads are a timely indicator of local demand. Occupation assignments shown below are made by Chmura based upon analysis of job titles and job descriptions. Top employers and listed job requirements are shown on the following pages.

	Occupations		
		Active	
		Job	
SOC	Occupation	Ads	
11-9151.00	O Social and Community Service Managers	397	



Locations

Location	Active Job Ads	
Sacramento, California	81	
Sacramento County, California	41	
University of California Davis	12	
95841	11	
Davis, California	10	
95825	5	
Roseville, California	5	
Sacramento, CA 95814 (Downtown area)	5	
Carmichael, CA 95608	4	
Crescent City, CA 95811	4	

Employers

	Active Job	
Employer Name	Ads	
CalHR	15	
State of California Department of Public Health	15	
The MENTOR Network	14	
Turning Point Community Programs	14	
State of California Department of Health Care Services	10	
UHS	10	
Davis, California	9	
CaliforniaVolunteers	8	
Stanford Sierra Youth & Families	8	
University of California, Davis	8	



Hard Skills

	Active Job	
Skill Name	Ads	
Microsoft Office	48	
Microsoft Excel	42	
Microsoft PowerPoint	31	
Microsoft Outlook	25	
Mental Health	24	
Social Services	24	
Personal Computers (PC)	23	
Presentation	22	
Bilingual	21	
Fundraising	21	

Job Titles

	Active Job	
Job Title	Ads	
Executive Director	50	
Program Director	16	
STAFF SERVICES MANAGER I	16	
STAFF SERVICES MANAGER III	16	
Program Manager	11	
Assistant Program Director	9	
Director of Social Services	9	
Social Services Program Manager	6	
Clinical Program Manager	5	
Revenue Cycle Compliance Executive Director	5	



Education Levels

	Active	
Minimum Education Level	Job Ads	
Bachelor's degree	161	
Master's degree	76	
High school diploma or equivalent	21	
Associate's degree	6	
Doctoral or professional degree	3	
Unspecified/other	130	

Programs

Program Name	Active Job Ads	
Social Work	68	
Psychology	32	
Business Administration	21	
Human Services	21	
Public Administration	18	
Business	14	
Social Service	13	
Education	12	
Nursing	11	
Finance	10	



Top Skill and Certification Gaps

Top 10 Skill Gaps in Sacramento-Roseville-Folsom, CA MSA

Name	Candidates	Openings	Gap
Microsoft Office	7	31	-24
Personal Computers (PC)	0	12	-12
Social Services	8	20	-11
Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR)	1	7	-6
Mental Health	6	12	-5
Budgeting	3	8	-5
Word Processing	0	5	-5
Salesforce	4	7	-3
Auditing	0	3	-2
Keyboarding/Typing	0	2	-2

Top 10 Certification Gaps in Sacramento-Roseville-Folsom, CA MSA			
Name	Candidates	Openings	Gap
Licensed Clinical Social Worker (LCSW)	2	12	-9
Series 66 - Uniform Combined State Law (Series 66)	0	1	-1
Registered Environmental Manager (REM)	0	1	-1
Professional in Human Resources (PHR)	0	1	-1
Licensed Professional Counselor (LPC)	0	1	-1
Registered Nurse (RN)	1	1	0
Senior Professional in Human Resources (SPHR)	0	1	0
Project Management Professional (PMP)	1	1	0
Certified Nursing Assistant (CNA)	1	0	1
First Aid Certification	6	4	1

Skill and certifications gaps can help inform employee development programs, as well as provide a comparison of the needs of regional employers to the supply.



Occupation Gaps

Supply Deficit

Supply Surplus

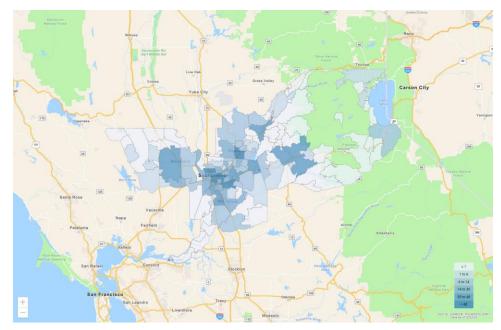
Social and Community Service Managers (\$86,600)

The above are the potential average annual gaps over 10 years. Many variables go into this analysis, but at its core it is based on a forecast comparing occupation demand growth to the local population growth and the projected educational attainment of those residents. When an area, for example, has an occupation expected to grow quickly but the educational requirement for the occupation does not match well with the educational attainment of its residents, there is a high potential for an occupation shortfall in the region. Alternatively, slowgrowing or contracting occupations often represent potential supply surpluses.

The potential supply shortfall is an underlying force that the market needs to resolve one way or another, such as by employers recruiting from further distances for these occupations, wages going up to attract more candidates, and/or increased demand and wages enticing more local residents to get training for these occupations. While this an important analysis for determining local occupation needs, the occupation gap should be considered along with other regional data including growth and separation forecasts, unemployment rates, wage trends, and award and skill gap analyses.



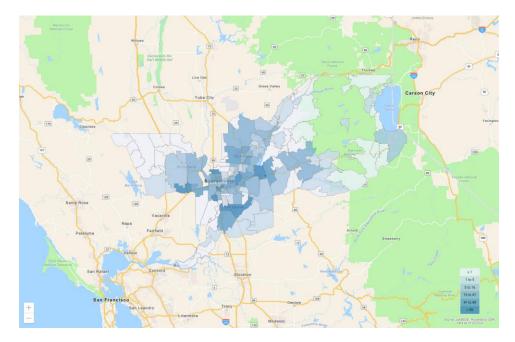
Geographic Distribution



Top ZCTAs by Place of Work for Social and Community Service Managers, 2022Q4

Region	Employment
ZCTA 95814	345
ZCTA 95811	88
ZCTA 95834	76
ZCTA 95825	67
ZCTA 95827	64
ZCTA 95815	59
ZCTA 95826	58
ZCTA 95661	57
ZCTA 95678	48
ZCTA 95816	48





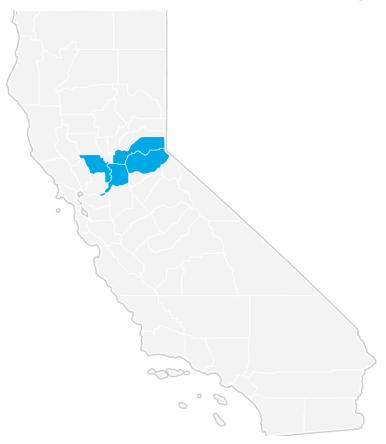
Top ZCTAs by Place of Residence for Social and Community Service Managers, 2022Q4

Regior	Employment
ZCTA 95630	112
ZCTA 95835	83
ZCTA 95616	81
ZCTA 95758	69
ZCTA 95831	64
ZCTA 95624	63
ZCTA 95818	60
ZCTA 95816	60
ZCTA 95608	59
ZCTA 95747	58

"Place of work" employment is based upon the location of employers for these workers. "Place of residence" data refers to the home locations of the workforce, which is typically the preferred data set to use when calculating labor availability within a drive-time or radius of a potential worksite.



Sacramento-Roseville-Folsom, CA MSA Regional Map





Data Notes

- Occupation employment by default indicates employment by place of work. Occupation employment is as of 2022Q4 and is based on industry employment and local staffing patterns calculated by Chmura and utilizing BLS OEWS data. Employment forecasts are modeled by Chmura and are consistent with BLS national-level 10-year forecasts. Wages by occupation are as of 2022Q4, utilizing BLS OEWS data, imputed and brought forward by Chmura. Entry-level and experienced wages are derived from these source data, computed by Chmura.
- Industry employment is as of 2022Q4 and is based upon BLS QCEW data, imputed by Chmura where necessary, and supplemented by additional sources including Census ZBP data.
- Education and training requirements are from the BLS. Educational attainment mix and other occupation demographics data are modeled by Chmura for 2022Q4 using regional occupation employment from JobsEQ, ZCTA-level demographics data from the Census Bureau, and national occupation-demographics patterns from the BLS.
- Postsecondary awards are per the NCES and are for the 2020-2021 academic year. Any programs shown are linked with the occupation(s) being analyzed via the program-occupation crosswalk, which may not be comprehensive. Any programs shown reflect only data reported to the NCES; reporting is required of all Title IV schools. Training providers that do not report data to the NCES are not reflected.
- Job ads data are online job posts from the Real-Time Intelligence (RTI) data set, produced wholly by Chmura and gleaned from over 40,000 websites. Data reflect ads active during the last twelve month period ending 07/05/2023 and advertised for any Zip Code Tabulation Area in or intersecting with the region for which this report was produced. Historical ad volume is revised as additional data are made available and processed. Since many extraneous factors can affect short-term volume of online job postings, time-series data can be volatile and should be used with caution. All ad counts represent deduplicated figures.
- For skill and certification gaps, openings and candidates are based upon regional occupation demand (growth plus separations) and the percent of skill demand and supply. Skill demand mix data are per a one-year sample of RTI data; skill supply data are estimated using a five-year sample of resumes data; both data sets compiled as of August 2021. Data may be based, at least in part, on data from broader geographies; see the Skill Gaps analytic export for more details.
- Occupation gaps are modeled by Chmura, indicating long-term potential supply and demand mismatches in a region due, in part, to job demand and labor pool dyanamics, including educational attainment and projected growth.
- Occupation employment by place of residence is as of 2022Q4 and modeled by Chmura based upon occuaption employment by place of work and commuting patterns. Commuting patterns are derived from source data from the Census Bureau, occupation-specific commuting tendancies, and updated to reflect more recent population and employment estimates.
- Figures may not sum due to rounding.



Region Definition

Sacramento-Roseville-Folsom, CA MSA is defined as the following counties:

El Dorado County, California

Placer County, California

Sacramento County, California

Yolo County, California



What is (LQ) location quotient?

Location quotient is a measurement of concentration in comparison to the nation. An LQ of 1.00 indicates a region has the same concentration of an industry (or occupation) as the nation. An LQ of 2.00 would mean the region has twice the expected employment compared to the nation and an LQ of 0.50 would mean the region has half the expected employment in comparison to the nation.

What is annual demand?

Annual demand is a of the sum of the annual projected growth demand and separation demand. Separation demand is the number of jobs required due to separations—labor force exits (including retirements) and turnover resulting from workers moving from one occupation into another. Note that separation demand does not include all turnover—it does not include when workers stay in the same occupation but switch employers. Growth demand is the increase or decrease of jobs expected due to expansion or contraction of the overall number of jobs.

